ED.

UNIVERSAL
Life Insurance Company,
—NEW YORK—
The Original Joint-Stock Life Insurance Company of the United States.
The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the Insurance of first-class healthy lives.

The Distinctive Feature
Of the Stock system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the Mutual, is a low rate of premiums for a stated sum insured, which is IMMEDIATE, ABSOLUTE and CERTAIN, in lieu of a high rate of premium with a promised dividend, which is DISTANT, CONTINGENT and UNCERTAIN; this so-called dividend being merely a return of a portion of the excessive and unnecessary premium charged in the first instance.

Illustration.
Suppose that an individual aged thirty desires to devote $200 a year for the purpose of effecting an insurance on his life, his amount will immediately secure him in the UNIVERSAL the sum of $11,791, payable on his decease. This sum, held by a company charging the ordinary mutual rates, would secure him the sum of $8,058—a difference immediately secured, in favor of the UNIVERSAL, $3,877.
To illustrate the importance to the policy-holder of low premiums in more general terms, it may be stated that by a reduction of twenty-five per cent. in the rate of premium, the annual amount of security will enable a policy thirty-three and one-third per cent. greater, and likewise that a reduction of twenty-five per cent. in the rate of premium is precisely equivalent to an annual cash dividend of thirty-three and one-third per cent. payable in advance, or to a dividend of forty-five per cent. payable at the end of five years.
By the Stock plan the full cash effect of the premium is immediately secured to the insured, the Company taking all the risk. By the Mutual system the full value in insurance of the premium paid is not secured to the policy-holder, who takes a portion of the risk himself.

The Premiums
Charged by the Universal are as low as the actual experience of insured life in this country will justify, and on ordinary Life and Ten-Year Non-forfeiting policies are actually one-third lower than those charged by a majority of Mutual Companies.
Special attention is asked to our "Return Premium Plan," by which the amount of the policy is secured annually by the temporary deposit of the annual premium, which are returned in full, together with the amount assured, to the holder of the policy when it shall become a claim upon the Company. Also to the

"REDUCTION PREMIUM PLAN,"
By which a reduction of one-third is made in the premium after the first year, which is equivalent to a dividend of 33 1-3 per cent. A clause is inserted in the policies issued by the "Universal," in which these results are distinctly specified and guaranteed.
The General Agents' Commission paid to good, live solicitors. Local Agents wanted in every town and county. Address
LACHLAN H. McINTOSH,
General Agent.
J. W. SHACKLEFORD,
Manager Southern Department,
Atlanta, Georgia.
oct5—

J. Wesley Paxton, | Jas. W. Robbins,
Late of Perryville.
UNITED STATES HOTEL,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.
Centrally located.

jan15—dly

USE
Hamilton's Compound
TROCHES
—OF—
BUCHU,
FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE
KIDNEYS AND BLADDER,
DYSPEPSIA AND RHEUMATISM,
BEING THE STRONGEST PREPARATION OF
BUCHU
EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.
I. H. HERBERT & CO.,
Proprietors,
(NO 67 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.)
Sold by all Druggists.
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Wholesale Agents,
Atlanta, Ga.
jan26—d6m

HOGANSVILLE
Male and Female Institute,
FACULTY:
GEORGE C. LOONEY, President and Professor of Mathematics and Physical Sciences.
MRS. C. D. CRAWLEY, Principal of Female Department, and teacher of Latin, Mathematics and Calisthenics.
C. A. KEY, A. M., Secretary and Professor of Latin and Greek.
A. F. VASQUE, A. M., Professor of Modern Languages, Painting, Drawing, etc.
Professor HENRY SCHMIDT, Principal of Musical Department.
English branches taught thoroughly and practically by G. C. Looney, C. A. Key and Mrs. Crawley.
At this School, young ladies, as well as young gentlemen, can be thoroughly taught—morally and socially.
This institution in the South shall surpass it in discipline, in comprehensive course of study, in the test evidences and in their fidelity to parents, and willingness to labor for the advancement of their children.
One hundred and twenty dollars will cover the expense for Boarding and Tuition for the Spring Term, which commences on Monday, the 16th of January, 1871, and continues twenty-four weeks.
Music on Piano, Guitar, Violin, Harp, Organ, etc., on terms lowenough per month will cost $30 per term of twenty-four weeks.
Tuition fees must be paid in advance for the term. For further particulars address
GEORGE C. LOONEY,
Hogansville, Ga.
dec8-3m

THE
WATT PLOUGH STILL TRIUMPHANT!
Manufactured by
Watt & Knight,
RICHMOND, VA.
GEO. WATT, Patentee.
IN addition to the numerous premiums and awards of merit received by this Plough in former years, it has, during the months of October and November, 1871, at various
FAIRS AND FIELD TRIALS,
in the States of North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, been awarded upwards of
Twenty First-class Premiums,
When competing with the
Leading Ploughs
of the United States. This Plough is now being used by many of the best planters of the Cotton States, and with entire satisfaction, and arrangements have been made
TO SHIP ON FAVORABLE TERMS,
to order from any portion of the United States, and especially to the South.
We will furnish price lists and terms to all planters who will address us.
We have agents at many of the leading points in the South, have these Ploughs in store and will supply them on as favorable terms as any others in the market.
We name, among others, Carhart & Cord, Macon; A. P. Boggs, Augusta; Mark W. Johnson, Atlanta; Sargisht & Boggs, Savannah, Ga.; E. E. Carhart & Co., Charleston; J. C. Dial, Columbia; J. G. Smith, Greenville; Trowbridge & Co., Abbeville, S. C.; Carter & Herr, Opelika; Powers & Bro., Greensboro; C. B. P. Henriques, Quitman, Ga.
All sizes from ONE TO FOUR HORSES.
jan1—d6m oct12—d6m

ESTABLISHED 1837.
Procter & Gamble,
CINCINNATI.
REFINERS OF LARD.
SOAP, STAR CANDLES,
LARD OILS, STARCH.
FAMILY LARD IN GADDIES, 2 lb., 5 lb., 10 lb., 20 lb. each. Procter & Gamble's EXTRA No. 1 SOAP, the most popular Soap in use. Sold by all the Georgia Grocers.
Send for our Price List.
jan1—d&w3m

WANTED.
FIRST-CLASS TINNER, to [illegible] Georgia. A steady employment and good wages to a good workman. Address [illegible]
jan26—d1w

Evening Edition.
Atlanta, Ga., February 21, 1871

☞ See Fourth Page, for interesting Reading

☞ "Jeems Monroe" is in the city. He looks as vigorous as in days of yore.

☞ Major John F. Kiser, of the firm of M. C. & J. F. Kiser, and his accomplished bride left this morning for New York. We wish them a pleasant trip, and a safe voyage.

☞ Miss Mary A. H. Gay collected $50 in Selma, Ala., for the completion of the Baptist church in Decatur. She is meeting with liberal encouragement.

☞ Two business lots on Broad street will be sold at 11 o'clock on next Saturday, by Wallace & Fowler. Here is a fine chance for capitalists to make a capital investment.

Blockade at Chattanooga.
The Chattanooga Times says that the agent of the State Road notified merchants on Saturday that no more grain would be received for shipment, owing to the lack of transportation. A meeting of the merchants was held, and J. W. Leigh and J. M. Anderson appointed to confer with President Brown upon the subject.

☞ We had the pleasure of a call yester day from James Truett, Esq., of Troup county. He informs us that the recent tornado, which visited a portion of Troup and Meriwether counties, commenced its work of devastation nine miles this side of West Point, at the widow McCallies', and then continuing its path to the places of widows McGehee, Jones and Fincher, blowing down gin houses, and fences, and uprooting trees. At Mrs. McGehee's a stable blew down, but strange to say, a horse tied inside escaped uninjured. The main current was about one-fourth of a mile wide. Some stock were killed.

Communicated.]
The District Court Appointments.
The late appointments of District Judges and Attorneys excites much attention. Their validity is denied by many and defended by others. The question should be discussed in no partisan spirit. Whether these appointments be or not a party measure—whether they be judicious or corrupt—whether the court be so expensive that it should be abolished, can in no wise affect the power of the Governor to appoint. They must be tried by the Constitution and by nothing else—by the Constitution and not by our wishes and views of policy. If there is no warrant for them in the Constitution, they must fall, be the court the wisest and best measure in the world—if they are authorized by the Constitution they must stand, though the court be expensive, oppressive and onerous, and the various appointees but salaried partisans of the Governor.
I have seen only one of the commissions. It purports to have been issued January 24, 1871, and it states in substance that its holder was appointed by the Governor, on the 16th of the same month, District Attorney of a certain District, subject to the advice and consent of the Senate, and that the commission is to continue for four years from the 1st of January, 1871, subject to the advice and consent of the Senate. I suppose this commission to be a fair sample of all.
The first question naturally rising, is upon the mode of appointment and commissioning. The commission recites that on the 16th of January the officer was appointed *subject to the advice and consent of the Senate*—further, that the appointee is commissioned for a full term, subject to the same advice and consent, but it is admitted that there never was any such advice and consent. It is plain that he cannot hold for the full term, unless this consent of the Senate be yet given, or a successor be not appointed in the term. Can he hold for any shorter time? Can he hold under the clause of the Constitution empowering the Governor to fill vacancies? We take for granted, now, that the office was vacant. When the Governor fills a vacancy, he appoints without the advice and consent of the Senate. His appointment to fill a vacancy alone should refer nothing to the Senate, and if his commission would not be for the whole term, but simply for the time intervening until a successor could be appointed, with the approval of the Senate. Will, then, this appointment, during the recess of the Senate, subject to their advice and consent, and an appointment, too, for the full term, operate in law to fill the vacancy?
We must take all the recitals of the commission together—reconciling them if possible. He appoints to hold from the first day of January for the four succeeding years. He, therefore, expects the officer to begin at once. It will be presumed that the Governor knew when he made this appointment on the 16th of January that there could be no action of the Senate upon it until that body could be legally assembled—the office, if vacant at all, was then vacant, and the law will also presume knowledge of this vacancy by the Governor. If he expects the officer to begin at once, he expects, too, and intends to fill this vacancy. When he states that the appointment is subject to the advice and consent of the Senate, these words contemplate the future action of the Senate upon the appointment—their future action only upon that part with which they can constitutionally interfere—and the Governor is presumed to know their powers. What part is that with which the Governor knows the Senate can alone interfere? It is his appointing at the same time he has filled the vacancy the officer for a longer period, to-wit: the time extending from the appointment of a successor (if one be appointed) to the end of the four years.
His act of appointing is, therefore, twofold, first, he intends by it to fill the vacancy, next he intends to nominate the same appointee to succeed himself, and that he intends if he does not reconsider, to send this nomination before the Senate, for he will not be presumed without plainer proof to purpose the violation of the Constitution. The appointment as it stands is good to fill the vacancy, and the mode, though apparently irregular, is not fatally defective. Section 63 of Irwin's Code says: "The forms of all commissions shall be in the discretion of the Governor. Commissions thus issued are final, except, where the Constitution and laws otherwise provide."
But now comes the main question—was the office vacant at the time of appointment? Says the text of the Constitution: "When any office shall become vacant by death, resignation or otherwise, the Governor shall have power to fill such vacancy, unless otherwise provided by law." Neither death nor resignation had vacated; had it *otherwise* become vacant at the time of the appointment?
The act establishing the court was to go into effect the first day of the year. Until that day came, the office was not in existence. The very instant the office began, it became vacant. It had been in existence for over two weeks before any attempt had been made to fill it. For this whole time, if there is any meaning in vacancy, it had been vacant, unless a vessel must be once filled and poured out before it can be empty. By what cause did the office become vacant, that is easily answered. It became vacant by the failure of the proper authorities, under the Constitution, to fill it in time. By this failure it had become empty, unfilled, vacant. And the independence of the cited clause from the Constitution *is that if it had no become from any cause the Governor could fill it.* If he found the office vacant, no matter how that vacancy had come, it was his duty to fill. It will not answer to say that he perhaps caused the vacancy by his own acts, by his omitting to appoint when the Senate had assembled to pass upon the appointment. The Constitution authorizes him to fill all vacancies—those occasioned by his acts as well as by other causes. He could poison a Judge of the Superior Court, and if the Judge died the office would become vacant by death, and then the Governor could appoint his own son, if eligible, to fill the vacancy which he had made. Courts and Legislatures would stand ready to punish, but it would require the sovereign power of a Constitution to undo the corrupt appointment.
There is, however, a verbal quibble on the words "become vacant," that is used against the validity of the appointment. How can anything *become* vacant that was never filled is asked. Well, in polite and precise phrase the expression may imply that there was once a vacancy. But the rules of fine writing are of those which courts apply to the construction of statutes and constitutions.
That from which the great intention of the makers, as apparent, and pursue it, and enforce it over even the momentary contractions of bad grammar and inexact language. The intention apparent in the clause cited is to preserve all those interested in the protection that different officers give in the exercise of their offices against any suspension of that protection. The office is not made for the officer, nor the Governor appointing, nor the Senate confirming. The Constitution makers cared but little for them while making the clause.
They were protecting society at large, and were deriding means to secure the people from an interregnum of authority. They cared not how such a suspension should come in time or act, whether at the first beginning of a new office, or at a time after it had been filled, whether it came by death, removal, resignation, promotion, or neglect to appoint. If a vacancy occurred at all, they desired that the people should suffer as little as might be from it—no longer than the Governor could select some one to fill it.
He might be remiss and Senates remiss, but the State, entitled to the protections of *her* courts, was to have that protection all the time if possible. If the Senate failed to confirm, the Governor was still to appoint. If the Governor failed to nominate before the adjournment, he was still to appoint, and this privilege was given him, not as his *bona prondantia*, but as a boon in trust for the people. And what conceivable purpose could the convention have in protecting the people against vacancies occurring after an office was once filled but in first protecting them against a vacancy, beginning simultaneously with the office itself. The office is just as necessary then as it is after it has been filled—society needs its protection just as much.
These considerations would inevitably lead all enlightened courts to disregard this verbal nicety, and hold that this vacancy is within the intention of the clause cited.
We have our remedies. If the Senate has failed, we can rebuke the men*ers who shirked their trusts in the following election; if great harm and detriment befall society by the remissness of the Governor, we can take hold of him with an iron hand. He appoints or refuses to appoint under the perils of impeachment.
The refusal to appoint may be corrupt, the appointing itself may be corrupt, but either is valid. He can fill the office with a man eligible who he knows will prove both a knave —the appointment is valid under the Constitution. He can refuse to fill a vacancy in the most important office—he cannot be coerced to fill. But for both his act and his refusal to act he can be punished.
There appears no justification for resisting the authority of these appointees. Let us deliberate, carefully weighing the subject, and be prepared to instruct our Representatives how to act in reference to the court in the next Legislature. ALBUS.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA—*Morning Session—February* 21, 1871.—After delivery of opinions in cases argued last week, the court took up by consent No. 16, Chattahoochee Nav. Co. vs. James H. Huff, *et al*, ex. Warren Huff, proponents. Appeal, from Muscogee. Smith & Alexander, Pou & Little, for plaintiff in error.
H. L. Benning, Ingram & Crawford, for defendant.
Pending the argument for defendant in error, Court adjourned till 3 o'clock P. M.

SEEING AND HEARING.
RACY CORRESPONDENCE—MELLS' KINGDOM—PRESIDENT TUCKER—THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.
A racy traveling correspondent of the Christian Index, "R. W. F.," in the last issue gives a racy account of a trip down the Georgia Road:
MELLS' KINGDOM.
On the train which left Union Point for Athens, I had taken a seat in the farther end of the hindmost car, and had asked the conductor to inform me when we reached the Bairdstown depot. After an hour's travel the whistle blew, and the train stopped. Some one shouted "Bairdstown," and I alighted from the back of the car. The depot was certainly unique. I was all alone. Not another human being in sight. On one hand was a dark, weather-stained house; on the other there was a dilapidated worm fence. Before me there was a long stretch of pines and a road.
Under these circumstances the road was the only hope, and upon reaching it, there, sure enough, was Bairdstown—twelve dwellings, two houses and a store. I was told, however, that the neighborhood was thickly peopled; and there is something peculiar in the religious condition of this community. For twenty years this section of country has been the tramping ground of Dr. Mell, and he has made clean work of it. Within a circuit of eight or ten miles, scarcely a Methodist, Presbyterian, Episcopalian or Roman Catholic can be found. Every man, woman and child—infants only excepted—is either a Baptist, or has a decided Baptist tendency. A Methodist preacher, passing at railroad speed through this region, glanced out of the window, and said to me, "This is Mell's King dom."
PRESIDENT TUCKER.
In leaving this kingdom, I was glad to find that the President of the Board of Trustees of Mercer University was a fellow passenger on the train—a man who, with rare ability and business tact, is always genial, and has an inexhaustible flow of animal spirits. I refer to the gentleman at the head of the CONSTITUTION—a paper which I find in all parts of the State and which I always hail as an old friend.

☞ It is reported that Mr. Ben H. Hill, of Georgia, is to succeed Mr. Amos T. Akerman, of the same State, as Attorney General of the United States. Mr. Hill was one of the Confederate States Senators from Georgia, but as Mr. Akerman was General Toomb's staff officer, it can hardly be supposed complaints in the late unpleasantness will bar Mr. Hill's elevation. Negotiations to this effect are understood to have commenced in November last, when it was apprehended that Mr. Akerman's influence in Georgia was too weak to carry the State as against the principles heretofore advocated by Mr. Hill.—*N. Y. World.*

LARGE LIFE INSURANCE.—Colonel Thomas E. Chickering, of the firm of the great piano manufacturers, who died suddenly in Boston, on Tuesday, had $55,000 insurance on his life in the following Massachusetts and New York offices, viz: Berkshire, $10,000; State Mutual, $5,000; Mutual Benefit, $20,000; Globe Mutual, $20,000.

☞ A woodman recently felled a tree in Owen county, Ind., in an opening of which, fifty-five feet from the base, was found the skeleton of a bear, much decayed. The appearance of the skeleton and its surroundings indicated that it must have been there for nearly a century.

☞ One would infer from the columns of the Telegraph, that the city of Macon had been converted into one vast carriage depository, with room enough left for a newspaper office to illustrate its immensity.

☞ We thought Monsieur Gravy would rise to the top. We dare say the French will be satisfied with him. Poor fellows, if they only had Fish now.

☞ A Presbyterian Church has been organized at Cave Springs, with Rev. E. S. Axom, of Rome, as pastor.

☞ Mr. Greeley says (in the Boston Post) this is a good month to sow pickle seed in hot beds for transplanting in May.

☞ Ireland has nearly half a million dog population, and England, Wales, and Scotland have 1,140,737.

☞ The *ton* of Chicago gave a grand reception last week, and in the midst of the festivities the gas went out.

☞ It has been decided that when the girls say "oh, dear," or "goodness gracious," it is "cussing."

☞ By a very light legal squeeze Mary A. Hugg has been divorced from Oliver Hugg, in Chicago.

☞ Macon has already received more cotton since September than she ever did before in any one year of her existence as a city.

☞ It is very hard to respect old age when one is compelled to dine off a venerable chicken.

☞ Jim wants to know if "With Verdure Clad" is not Italian for "Wearing of the Green.'

☞ The Mayor of Toronto says he is in favor of numerous public dinners.

☞ A Buenos Ayres machine takes the hide off a dead animal in a minute.

☞ English surgeons have decided that an insane person's ribs become very brittle.

☞ A New York girl is to lecture in aid of the indigent women of Japan.

BY TELEGRAPH.
ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

WASHINGTON.
WASHINGTON, February 21.—A special from Little Rock, states that the Commandant of the post received orders to preserve the peace. There has been no progress made in the adjustment of the troubles. The Senate is still without a quorum.
The Pacific Railroad Committee will report a bill to-day cutting off all branches, and providing for a trunk road from Marshall to San Diego.

CENTRAL AMERICA.
ASPINWALL, February 10.—The United States steamer Nepsic arrived on the 9th. She sails for Atristo river on the 14th, where the supply ship Guard is anchored. Heavy rains continue in that locality. The first Darien surveying party left here on the 6th, for Atristo river. All well.
The commander of the Selfridge joins the United States steamer Resaca at Panama, and proceeds to survey the Pacific side, commencing at Simon Bay.

CUBA.
HAVANA, February 20—The insurgents Colonels Miguel, Machado, Majors Demitrio, Castello, and eleven men surrendered at Puerto Principe on the 14th inst.
Majors Lorenzo, Castilla, and Ricardo were at Ponce de Leon on the 16th, and Captain Gonzales was at Neuvitas.
The people come into the cities in such society needs its protection just as much.
Troops surprised the Republican Assembly in session at Mardal. The members, however, escaped, but their documents were captured.
Prefect Adrino Garcia was killed at Buena Jagua.

RUSSIA.
ST. PETERSBURG, February 20.—The French Charge d'Affaires here has notified the Cabinet of the establishment of a new government. Recognition is expected to-morrow.

SWITZERLAND.
BERNE, February 20.—Emperor William has notified the Swiss Government of his assumption of the Emperorship and gives assurances of his continued sympathy with Switzerland.

ENGLAND.
LONDON, February 21.—The early return of John Bright to parliamentary duties is doubtful.
The Standard has information that the Emperor William's health excites grave anticipations.
The German wounded capable of bearing arms have been sent to the front.
Troops are concentrating at Cologne.
The relations of Austria and Russia with Prussia are unaffected by a change of government.
It was stated in the Hungarian Parliament that intervention in the Franco-Prussian war could not well be effected.
The bill granting annuity to Princess Louise passed in its third reading.
The University test bill passed.
The French ports are filled with vessels laden with provisions for Paris, but cannot be forwarded for the want of land transportation.

FRANCE.
PARIS, February 19.—There is authority for saying the final peace conditions include the cession of Alsace and a portion of Lorraine, with fortresses—Thionville, Metz and Belfort and two hundred and eighty millions pounds indemnity.

Atlanta Price-Current.
[CORRECTED DAILY.]
CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, February 21, 3 o'clock, P.M.
We are pleased to note this morning unusual activity in commercial circles, at unchanged quotations.
COTTON—Market active at 13¼ for middlings; 12¾ for low middlings; and 12¼ for good ordinary; prime strict middlings command 13¾.
CURRENCY—Gold buying at 1 10; selling at 1 12. Silver buying 1 04; selling 1 09 Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.
BONDS—Atlanta bonds, 7 per cent. 70a75; do. 8 per cent. 78a80. State of Georgia bonds, 6 per cent., 78a80; do. 7 per cent., 90a92; do. 7 per cent., gold, 96a100. State of Tennessee 6's, 1890-'92, new 55a56. State of Alabama, 5 int. 68a70; do. 8 int. 98a1 02. State of South Carolina, 6 int. 68a70, new; do. 6 int. old, 78a80. Georgia Railroad stock 95a 1 00; do. bonds 95a1 00. Macon and Western Railroad stock 1 05a1 10. Atlanta and La-Grange Railroad bonds 80a85; do. stock, 95a1 00.
BROOMS—Atlanta made, "Robson Brand," 2 50a5 00 per dozen.
BULK MEATS—Clear sides, 13; clear rib sides, 12¾; shoulders, 10; hams 14.
BACON—Clear sides 14; clear rib sides 13¾; shoulders 11¾; hams 15a17
LARD—Buckets 16; cans, 15; tierces 14a14¼.
FLOUR—Extra XXX 8 50; XXXX 8 50a 7 50; Cooks & Chick's choice 9 00; Atlanta Mills, fancy, 8 50; extra family 8 00; family 7 50; superfine 6 25.
HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburg bar, 6a6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8. Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 50; 3s, common, 6 50; 3s, fine, 7 50. Plow steel, 11; cast, 27a28; German, 18a20.
GROCERIES—Corn Meal, 1 00. Rice, 9c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 14a15. Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A. 13¼; Extra C, 14¾; Yellow C, 14¼; Brown 12a14. Rio Coffee 20a23¾; Java 35a38. Beeswax, 28. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 35. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 38c. Pepper 37¾. Race Ginger, 25c. Starch 9c. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 18¼. Goshen butter 50a55c; Dairy, 22a26. Cow Peas 1 25; Live Geese Feathers 75c.
COUNTRY PRODUCE—Eggs, 17a18; chickens, 30a35; sweet potatoes, 1 25 per bushel; Irish potatoes 5 00a5 50 per bbl. table; seed, 6 00 a10 00; country butter 25c. per lb.; apples 1 25a2 00 per bushel.
OILS AND PAINTS—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do, boiled, 1 35a1 40; sperm, 2 50a3 00; whale, 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00. Pure Winter, 1 65a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene, 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 2 00a2 25; Coach, 4 50a5 00. White lead, per lb., 9a14; do., pure, 15.
GRAIN—Raw shelled in store 95c per load lots 92. Wheat—red 1 30a1 35; prime white 1 40; none in market. Oats 65a70. Rye 1 00, in little demand. Barly—fall, 1 10.
LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole 40a 50; Hemlock, good, 30a33; damaged 25a29; French calf skins 30 00a60 00 per dozen; American calf skins 25 00a45 00; Harness leather 40a46c; upper leather 40a46c; lining skins (sheep) 4 50a9 00 per dozen. Green hides 6c; dry salted 14a16c; dry flint 16a17c.
LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime 50c per bushel; Cherokee do 60c. Hydraulic cement 4 00 per barrel; James River 4 50a 5 00 per barrel. Plaster of Paris 6 00 per barrel.
FACTORY GOODS—Brown shirtings, 7-8, 9¼ a10; B. shirtings, 3-4, 8, 4-4, 11¼a12; bleached shirting 3-4 7a9; bleached shirting 7-8, 11a14½, brown drills, 12½; bleached drills, 15½; stripes, 11¼; checks, 14; Montour osnaburgs; 14½; Troup, 15; yarns, 1 30.
DRY GOODS—Allens 11; Sprague 11; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 8; Amoskeag 10; Ticking—Pittsfield 10; Croton 13; Albany 12; Easton B. 15; Amoskeag D. 22; Hamilton 28; Conestoga 4-4 30; Amoskeag A. C. A. 33.
TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 57a 60; medium sound 65a75; fine sound 80a90; extra fine 1 00a1 35.
POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, $7 25; ¼ kegs $4 00; ⅛ kegs $3 25. Blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 2 75; buck, 3 00.
LIQUOR MARKET.—Whisky—rectified 1 00 a1 25 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a5 00; Robison County 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy 1 50 a3 00; St. Croix Rum 4 00a5 00; Jamaca Rum 4 00a5 00; Holland Gin 1 50a5 00; Scotch 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter 3 00; French Brandy 4 50a12 00.
FERTILIZERS—Zell's Ammoniated Bone Superphosphate 60 cash, 70 60 time; Patapsco Guano 60 00 cash, 70 00 time. Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate 60 00 cash, 70 00 time.

Telegraphic Markets.
NEW YORK, February 21.—Cotton firmer; middling uplands 15½; Orleans 15½; sales 8,000 bales.
Flour dull and declining. Wheat dull and nominally lower. Corn dull and heavy. Pork dull at 22 37a22 50. Lard inactive. Turpentine firm at 58½54. Rosin quiet at 2 60a2 65 for strained. Freights quiet.
Stocks strong. Governments steady but dull. State bonds very dull. 62a 114. Gold steady at 114. Money 4. Exchange—long 9½; short 10¾.
LONDON, February 21, noon—Consols 92. Bonds 91¼.
LIVERPOOL, February 21, noon.—Cotton firm; uplands 7¾; Orleans 7¾a8, sales 10,000 bales.

CONSTITUTION PRINTING HOUSE!
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FOR COMPOSTING WITH COTTON SEED. $40 PER TON.
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jan11—deod&w3m W. S. CARROLL, Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

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SULPHURIC ACID,
MANUFACTURED AT THE
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THE now well-known *ETIWAN GUANO* is manufactured from the Native Bone Phosphates of South Carolina, *Pure Phosphates*, in their natural state, are insoluble, and require to be ground to powder, and made Soluble by Sulphuric Acid. This Company have now in operation the largest Sulphuric Acid Chambers in the South, and are, therefore, able to manufacture at the lowest rates, the highest grade of Fertilizer; it is clear that the greater the proportion of Soluble Phosphate which any Fertilizer contains, the less the quantity required per acre. In order to make the Fertilizer complete, Ammonia and Potash in sufficient quantities are added. With these views the Company manufacture and offer for sale
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Warranted to contain from 15 to 20 *PER CENT. OF DISSOLVED BONE PHOSPHATE OF LIME* and from 2½ to 3½ per cent. of *AMMONIA*, with a sufficient addition of *PEACTICAL GUANO* and *POTASH*, to adapt it to all crops. Price $65 per ton cash; on time, $70 per ton, and interest 7 per cent. per annum.
DISSOLVED BONE,
Of high grade, suitable for Manufacturers or for Planters, being in itself an excellent Fertilizer, and especially adapted for composting. In large quantities of Sulphuric Acid and Superphosphate, this will be found a cheap and convenient way to transport that material. The grade furnished will be from 10 to 20 per cent. Dissolved Bone Phosphate. Price $50 per ton, cash. On time, $55, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum. Small lots of one ton or less furnished to order at additional cost.
Compound Acid Phosphate,
Specially prepared for compounding with cotton seed and other plantation manures. Price $35 per ton cash; on time $40, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.
GROUND BONE,
At much lower rates, consisting simply of the Native Bone Phosphates ground to powder. Price $20 per ton, cash. On time, $22 and interest at 7 per cent. per annum.
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N. B.—The proportion of Dissolved Bone Phosphate of Lime, and Ammonia in all the Etiwans, is accurately stated in the Works, by their Chemist, before delivery. Should any purchaser be dissatisfied, he may return average samples of any purchase, within thirty (30) days after delivery, and they will be analyzed anew and any deficiency in the percentage guaranteed will be made good to him by the Company.
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RELIABLE, FRESH AND GENUINE GARDEN,
Field and Flower Seeds, Grass,
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DAILY ARRIVING IN ENDLESS VARIETY, AT
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THIS most excellent Fertilizer is manufactured on the right principle, by the
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Mr. J. W. Akers states that he made fine surplus with it on land that would scarcely produce anything without manure. Among those who used it on cotton, I beg to refer to General John B. Gordon, A. R. Lawton, Esq., Mr. J. H. Kimbrell, Col. R. B. Whitman, B. Brown, J. P. Austin and S. D. Brown.
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THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

J. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, February 22, 1871.

Those Stanton Railroad Bonds.

General Clanton, of Alabama, is out in an article on the Stanton railroad bonds. His policy is "investigation first, then pay them if used in accordance with law."

The Japanese Mission.

The arrival of a full fledged Japanese Minister at San Francisco, accredited to Washington, accompanied by his suit and secretaries, and holding in his own person the rank of a prince of the imperial family of Japan, being, indeed, uncle to Mikado himself, is an event of great importance. It is the first mission of the kind that Japan has sent forth since days now far back in ancient history She has not had a Minister, Minister Resident consul or commercial agent any where among the nations of the world for many long years, and we have not heard of any similar embassies being forwarded at this time to any other nation than ours.

In view of our increasing commerce with Japan and her great twin nation of the far East, China, this unusual expression of regard for our institutions must be considered in a very complimentary light indeed; and in view of our rivalry with England for the commerce of these two bound giants of the Orient, we have a right to credit ourselves with having the inside track. Indeed, this mission may be considered more complimentary to us than the appointment of Mr. Burlingame as head of the Chinese Embassy which was so recently roaming about Europe making treaties; for while that was rather a personal compliment to one of our citizens, this is a general compliment to the whole nation as the first and youngest Power of the globe from one of the oldest.—*N. Y. Herald*

Loan and Building Associations.

In Richmond Superior Court, an interesting case was tried a few days ago. The Constitutionalist says: The jury in the case of the City Loan and Building Association vs. Hans C. Gercke, found a verdict for the plaintiff for $1,400 02. While the verdict was for the plaintiff, it virtually amounts to one for the defendant. The question involved in this issue was the right of a loan association chartered by the Superior Court, to collect from a stockholder a larger amount of money than the sum borrowed, with legal interest. It seems the defendant in this case had borrowed about $1,700, and had given an obligation for $4,000; upon failing to pay up his premiums, etc., as required by the laws of the association, they proceeded to forfeit and sell his stock, or diting the amount which it brought ($700) upon the mortgage, and brought suit to recover the difference.

The plea set up was usury and payment The Court charged the jury: That a corporation, like an individual, could not collect a greater interest than seven per cent, without showing special authority to that effect; that the Superior Court had no authority to charter a corporation with power to collect interest in violation of the laws of Georgia. Such authority could alone be given by the Legislature; that the plaintiff could not escape the plea of usury by calling it *premium, or by any other name*, if in effect or in the nature of things it *was* an interest on the loan" The jury returned a verdict in accordance with this charge. The case we understand, will go to the Supreme Court. Messrs Barnes & Cumming and Joseph P. Carr, Esq., for the plaintiff. Frank H. Miller, Esq., contra.

The Great Southern Canal.

While the people of the South, says the Philadelphia Age, are laboring to obtain a railroad from that section to the Pacific, they are not losing sight of the importance of water communication as a means of developing the resources of that section They now propose to construct a continuous canal or water way from New Orleans along the Gulf coast to Mobile Bay; thence to the Bay of St. Marks, on the west coast of Florid Peninsula to the tide water of St. John's River, which flows into the Atlantic Ocean Such a water line, if it can be constructed would, it will be seen, intersect all the south flowing rivers in Mississippi, Alabama and Florida; place the interior of those States within reach of a St. Louis steamboat, and make it possible for such a steamer to deposi a cargo on the Atlantic coast of Florida, Georgia, or even South Carolina, without breaking bulk.

It is claimed not only that it is practicable but that the almost continuous line of lagoons, estuaries, gulf stretchers and rivers, invite its construction, by providing four fifths of the line ready made. There is no estimate given of the cost of the work, but if the country through which the proposed line runs is of the nature attributed to it, that cost ought not to be formidable. Along the line, in Alabama and Florida, there is a belt of live oak and yellow pine forest, said to contain the finest timber of these kinds in the country The belt is one hundred and fifty miles wide, and five hundred miles in length; and it is claimed that the improved value which the proposed water-way would give to this timber would more than pay the cost of the work. The South is evidently preparing to take care of herself in the future, and for this determination she cannot be too highly commended. In the hot struggle of States and men, those have the most friends who require the least.

A Beautiful Burial.

A Chicago Times, letter from New York says: "A beautiful child lay dead in its mother's arms, at a late funeral. Its little frock had been worn at its play, and its little shoes were wrinkled with the playful treading of its busy feet. The curls were brushed into smoothness, just as he always wore them dressed, but he had not tossed them into beautiful masses of way ward gold as he one did, and but for this propriety in his little silken locks you would have thought him weary of his play, and resting asleep in his mother's arms. The prayers were said; the hymns to the Holy Ghost were read. Tender words of friendly sympathy were repeated and all were commended to the All-Fatherly the brow of the little dead pilgrim was kissed, and all the neighbors and curious went forth and left the stricken household alone with its grief, and its dead. No time was fixed for the burial, but when the limit to its stay had come, it was coffined, taken into the carriage with those who had always loved and who would never entirely cease to miss and grieve for it, and with a half dozen near relatives they went quietly to the city of the dead and buried their treasure with their own tender hands, at an hour when no one stared and marveled at their sorrow."

☞ On the line of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad the Dickson Fertilizer Company have erected warehouses at Pine House, Ridge Spring and Batesville, that their fertilizers may be protected until they are placed in possession of buyers. Such enterprise is worthy of encouragement.

☞ In Rhode Island, there are ten thousand children under the age of fifteen years who attend no school, and over 10,000 persons over fifteen years of age, who can neither read nor write. Yet New Englanders are always bowling about the ignorant South.

NOT INCLINED THAT WAY.—The happiest person we saw yesterday was a negro fellow, who sung as follows:

"I would not marry a poor gal—
I tell you de reason why;
Her eyes is red and stringy,
I'se afraid she'd never die."

☞ A town in Illinois is happy over its first organ-grinder.

☞ A member of the Wisconsin Legislature is 84 years old.

☞ Laporte is expecting a new hall to be [illegible]

DECISIONS
OF THE
SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

Delivered at Atlanta, Tuesday, Feb. 21, 1871.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY H. J. HAYMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

Barnett & Co., vs. Terry & Smith. Complaint, from Muscogee.

LOCHRANE, C. J.

When a party shipped flour to another, and the consignee declined accepting it upon the ground that it was not such as he ordered immediately notified the shipper of the fact, and that he had it subject to his order, and the shipper afterward sent his agent to receive the flour, and the consignee set up his claim for freight and expense paid before delivery, and the agent declined paving the same, and went off, leaving the flour in the consignee's hands and he had it sold as the property of the shipper; and on the trial of the case brought against the consignee to recover, the Judge rejected the testimony of a witness showing the sale and what the flour brought:

HELD, That the consignee had the right after reasonable notice to the cosignor of such expense and its nonpayment, to sell sufficient for his reimbursement, and if the commodity was perishable, to sell all, and by proof show his actings and doings in the premises; and the jury on the trial to ascertain the value of such commodity will consider as competent evidence what it actually brought in connection with the mode, and manner, and necessity of the sale.

Judgment reversed upon the ground that the court erred in rejecting the testimony of Myers in this case

Peabody & Brannon for plaintiffs in error.

Ramsey & Ramsey, by M. Blanford, for defendents.

Gray Bedell and Hughes vs. John H. Bass. Complaint, from Muscogee.

LOCHRANE, C. J.

Where a party ships cotton through factors or commission merchants to Liverpool, with instructions that it shall be held until spring, and such instructions were not sent forward with the cotton, but shipped in the ordinary course, and bills by the consignees of such factor were drawn upon the cotton, and the cotton was sold by the drawees of the bill antecedent to the receipt of the cotton in Liverpool, and upon the suit brought by the owner of the cotton against the factor for damages, the evidence is conflicting and the Court by its charge lays the questions in controversy fairly before the jury, and the jury find for plaintiff:

HELD, That the verdict of the jury being supported by evidence will not be disturbed in such case, inasmuch as the matter of whether the factor had made such special contract was a question of fact for the jury to decide, upon the whole evidence submitted to them:

HELD AGAIN, That the question of ratification was one which was based on the intention of the parties, and was a matter of evidence properly submitted to the jury:

HELD AGAIN, That the amount of damages is the case developed by the view the jury took from the evidence of the contract itself, and the finding of the jury in this case being sustained by the evidence as to the amount of damage, taking the value at the time they find, the same would have had his cotton sold, and allowing expences, etc, will not be set aside—being supported by the evidence.

Judgment affirmed.

R. J. Moses, for plaintiff in error.

Williams, Thornton and Blanford, for defendant.

T. Brunson vs. M. Sparks. Case, from Muscogee.

LOCHRANE, C. J.

When a party borrows a horse from another, and while in the hands of his agent, the horse runs away and gets injured, from which, in a short time, he dies:

HELD, That the measure of the injury, and the question of negligence therein, is one of fact for the jury, and where the verdict is not trangly and evidently against the weight of the evidence, this Court will not disturb their finding.

When there is evidence either way to a material fact, as in case of bailment, what negligence has or has not been shown, and the jury have determined the question by finding a verdict:

HELD, That the Court, under such circumstances, will not disturb it.

When the evidence shows that through the act of no agent, either of two innocent parties must suffer:

HELD, That the rule of law is, the party putting such agent forward shall be the party on whom the loss puts the liability.

Judgment affirmed.

Louis F. Gerrard for plaintiff in error.

W. F. Williams, C. R. Russell, by J. M. Russel, for defendant.

Mortimer Jeter, Administrator, etc., vs. F. Barnard et al. Bill to marshall. Assets and demurrer from Talbot.

M'KAY J.

A bill in Equity to marshall the assets of an estate filed by an administrator, setting forth that the estate can not pay all the claims upon it, that there are various creditors claiming preference in the distribution, which claims are set forth in detail) and that other creditors dissent, this priority is properly filed, and is not demurrable for want of equity.

Judgment reversed.

R Hill, E. H. Worrill, for plaintiff in error. Ingram & Crawford, for defendants.

Martin Conner vs. Southern Express Company. Case, from Muscogee.

M'CAY, J.

An action at law does not abate by the bankruptcy of the plaintiff, and if the assignee in bankruptcy be discharged, without any interference by him with the suit, it may proceed in the name of the bankrupt, the presumption, in the absence of any proof to the contrary, being that the action is proceeding for the benefit of the true owner, whoever he may be.

Judgment reversed.

H. L. Bleuing, James F. Pou, Peabody & Brannon, for plaintiff in error.

Moses & Gerrard, for defendant.

City Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, vs. John Caragi. Assumpsit, from Muscogee.

M'CAY J.

1. A foreign corporation doing business in this State is subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of this State, if it can be served with process; and, as, by our statute, the matter of jurisdiction, may be served with the process of a court, having jurisdiction of the suit, by serving "any officer or or agent of such corporation" so any foreign corporation having an officer or agent here, may be served by serving its officer or agent.

When there is a plea of the general issue and also, a special plea setting up matter of defense, which might be proven under the general issue, and the Court dismisses the special plea as surpluss age, this is not such error as will require the verdict to be set aside, if the Court, in fact, allows the evidence under the plea of the general issue.

Where evidence is taken by commission, and it appears by the answers that the witness does not understand the English language, the Court will presume, in the absence of proof to the contrary, that the commissioners understood the language of the witness.

It is no objection to the use of testimony taken by commission if, after it is read, the witness—a female—appear, and is examined as a witness.

Where there was a question of what and how much was lost by a fire, and there was a list of articles produced, and evidence introduced go to show that it was a true list, it was not error in the courts to permit the list to go to the jury for their consideration, simply because some of the articles upon the list were such as were not covered by the policy of insurance, on which the suit was brought.

It is not a violation of that condition of a policy of insurance which requires everything to be stated, in the application, materially affecting the risk of the insured, to fail to state that he is insolvent, or that there are judgments against him which are a lien upon the property.

Where the charter of a foreign insurance company contains a provision prescribing certain duties and conditions, upon the seisuring with the company different from those imposed by the general law, a plea setting up a failure to comply with such conditions by the assured is demurrable, unless it alleges that the assured had notice of the conditions at the time the contract of insurance was entered into.

If the agent of an insurance company do in fact receive notice of a prior insurance from the assured, and do, notwithstanding, proceed to issue a policy and receive the premiums agreed upon, the policy is not void, because notice of said prior insurance is not indorsed in writing upon the policy, as required by the conditions contained in the policy.

Judgment affirmed.

Beauford & Thornton for plaintiff in error.

H. L. Beuning for defendant.

Isaac Cheney vs. Smith & Alexander. Complaint, from Muscogee.

WARNER J.

When a motion is made to continue a case for the purpose of procuring testimony, the court may require the showing to be reduced to writing and sworn to by the party moving the continuance, but if the opposite party will admit and does not contest the truth of the facts expected to be proved, the continuance should not be allowed; but it is error for the court to overrule the motion for a party will simply admit the facts expected to be proved, and then allow such opposite party to contest the truth of the facts admitted. To avoid the continuance of a case for the purpose of procuring testimony upon a proper showing made therefor, under the 3472 section of the Code, the opposite party must admit in writing the facts expected to be proved, and argue that he does not *contest the truth thereof.*

Judgment Reversed.

E. H. Worrill, J. M. Matthews, for plaintiff in error.

M. H. Blanford, for defendant.

Mendell Levy vs. L. C. Simmons. Trover, from Taylor.

WARNER, J.

An action was brought to recover the possession of a horse, and upon the trial thereof, after the plaintiff had closed his evidence, the defendant made a motion for a non-suit, which the court overruled, and the defendant excepted. The defendant then demurred to the plaintiff's evidence, and there was a joinder in the demurrer by the plaintiff, and the court, upon the hearing thereof, gave judgment for the plaintiff, to which the defendant excepted. The court then referred the case to the jury, to ascertain the plaintiff's damages, and thereupon the defendant offered to prove before the court and jury that the horse in controversy was the property of the defendant, which the court refused to allow him to do, on the ground that he was *concluded* by the judgment on the demurrer, and that no proof would be allowed before the jury, except as to the amount of damages the plaintiff had sustained; whereupon the defendant excepted:

HELD, That the motion for a non-suit was properly overruled by the court, as there was sufficient evidence of the plaintiff's legal right to recover the horse to be submitted to the jury; but if there had been no evidence which in law would have entitled the plaintiff to recover, then the non-suit should have been allowed by the court:

HELD ALSO, That a demurrer to evidence is not special pleading; that under the provisions of the common law and the practice of the courts in England, when the defendant demurred to the whole evidence, and the court overruled the demurrer, the judgment of the court ,on the legal right of the plaintiff to recover the property sued for, was conclusive on that point, and that the defendant could not contest the legal right of the plaintiff to recover before the jury; but in this State a different rule has prevailed ever since the enactment of the Judiciary Act of 1799. The practice in the courts of this State has uniformly been that whenever the plaintiff's evidence was considered by the defendant to be insufficient in law to entitle him to recover to demurer thereto, and to move the court for a non-suit, and if in the opinion of the court there was any evidence which ought properly to be submitted to the jury for their consideration, to overrule the demurrer, and refuse the motion for non-suit; but the overruling the demurrer to the evidence and refusing the motion for a non-suit, has never been held to *conclude* the defendant from going before the jury, and insisting upon his rights there, as he might be enabled to establish the same by evidence which he might introduce for that purpose. In other words, the overruling the motion for a nonsuit upon a demurrer to the plaintiff's evidence, has never been held by the Courts of this State as *conclusive* upon the right claimed, so as to prevent the defendant from contesting it by evidence before the jury. The contemporaneous construction given to the judiciary act of 1799, by the Courts of this State has uniformly been, that when the plaintiff made out a *prima facie* case by his evidence, that he was entitled to go before the jury and to have them decide upon that evidence, and that the defendant, although he may have demurred to that evidence as being insufficient in law to entitle the plaintiff to recover, and moved the Court to nonsuit the plaintiff in consequence thereof, the overruling the defendant's motion, would not *conclude* the defendant from going before the jury and contesting the legal right of the plaintiff to recover by the introduction of evidence in his behalf for that purpose. This practice has been so long recognized, and long established, by the decisions of the Courts of this State, that we are unwilling to disturb it, and therefore reverse the judgment of the Court below in this case.

Judgment reversed.

Hulsey & Colbert, by M. Blanford, for plaintiff in error.

Wallace & Ross, R. J. Moses, for defendant.

Gilbert B. Anderson vs. The State. Murder, from Muscogee.

WARNER, J.

Where, on the trial of a defendant for murder, a verdict of guilty was rendered by the jury, and a motion was made for a new trial upon several grounds set forth in the record:

HELD, That an indictment, which alleged the offense to have been committed on the 24th day of August, 1868, and found by a grand jury drawn according to the laws of the State, which existed prior to the adoption of the Constitution of 1868, was a legal and valid indictment, though found subsequent to the date thereof; and that there was no error in the refusal of the Court to grant a new trial:

HELD, ALSO, That when the defendant filed a special plea of insanity, but did not insist that there should first be a trial on that special plea, but went to trial on the general issue of not guilty, and relied on the insanity of the defendant to show that he was not guilty of the offense charged, it was not error for the court to refuse to charge the jury that they might find a verdict either for or against the special plea of insanity, the Court charging the jury that they might find the defendant guilty, under the evidence, or not guilty:

HELD, FURTHER, That there was no error in the charge of the Court to the jury, "that they were the judges of the law and the facts, so as to enable them to apply the law to the facts, and bring in a general verdict, but they had no right to make law, the law was laid down in the Code, it was the province of the court to construe the law and give it in charge, and for the jury to take the law as given, and apply it to the facts as found by them, and bring in a general verdict," and in refusing to charge as requested by defendant's counsel upon this point in the case:

HELD ALSO, That the court did not err in charging the jury, "that if the condition of the defendant's mind was such that he could distinguish right from wrong, good from evil, and while in that condition, killed his wife, the law would hold him responsible," and in refusing to charge as requested:

HELD FURTHER, That under the 4599th section of the Code, it was the duty of the presiding Judge to have had the evidence in the case taken down, that is to say, all the legal evidence allowed to go to the jury; but as the record does not show any particular facts given in evidence, which the court instructed the clerk not to record, this court cannot say whether the same were material or immaterial, legal or illegal, or whether the court in its directions to the clerk, expressed in the presence of the jury any opinion as to the evidence which was legally submitted to the jury for their consideration. To have made it error under the Code, it must be affirmatively shown, that the court expressed an opinion in the presence and hearing of the jury, in regard to the evidence legally submitted to them on the trial. It is the right of the witness to have the testimony read over to him, but not the right of defendant's counsel that it should be so read, the legal presumption is that all the legal testimony in the case was correctly taken down under the direction of the court. In view of the facts of this case, there was no error in the court which could have induced, or controled the verdict, in refusing to allow Dr. Terry to explain to the jury "the structure of the brain, what changes were produced upon it by bodily disease, or how its irritation and inflammation, was calculated to present to the mind unreal images, upon which a diseased brain might be induced to act, as though the imaginary impressions were real existencies." The court charged the jury that, "if upon the whole evidence in the case, the jury entertain a reasonable doubt as to the sanity of the prisoner at the time of the commission of the alleged act, they are bound to acquit him."

HELD, That there was sufficient review of the evidence contained in the record, and the errors assigned therein, that the judgment of the court below in refusing the motion for a new trial should be affirmed.

Judgment affirmed.

R. J. Moses, L. F. Gerrard, for plaintiff in error.

L. Benning, C. J. Thornton, Solicitor General, for the State.

☞ Greece isn't much for flies, but is hefty for spiders.

☞ Harp-twangers and catgut-scrapers worry Chicago.

☞ Texas has spitting matches.

☞ One-headed girls are going out of style.

☞ England imports our needles and fish hooks.

Funeral Notice.

FORSYTH—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. A. B. FORSYTH, are requested to attend his funeral at his residence on Line street, near the Government Stables, this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

For Sale or Rent.

TWO comfortable store rooms in Dallas, Georgia, A county of Paulding. Good opening for a store to do well. Apply to M. P. KISER.
Dallas, Ga., Feb. 18, 1871. feb22-tf

Novelty Iron Works Company.

THIRTY days after date, I will be prepared to close up the affairs of this Company.
Parties owning stock will plea-e present their claims at my office.
WM. MCNAUGHT, President.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, February 21.—The State Department has advices of the wreck of the British steamer Zoe, from Boston to France, with provisions contributed by American citizens. The vessel and cargo was a total loss.

The President has signed the bill territorializing this district.

There were neither nominations nor confirmations to-day.

The carnival to-day was a wonderful success.

In the House, by a suspension of the rules, appropriations hereafter take precedence of all business at 2 o'clock each day.

The Committee on the Pacific Railroad reported the Southern bill with certain amendments, but only two were adopted, namely: one changing the name of the road to the Southern Pacific; the other, making the capital $50,000,000 instead of $100,000,000.

A motion to postpone was defeated by 143 to 50.

Another amendment providing for a single trunk from Marshall to San Diego, was adopted.

Another excluding from consolidation other roads which may hereafter be chartered, was passed by 174 to 51.

The bill finally passed by 134 to 70.

The House then adjourned.

In the Senate, Corbett, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill to promote the construction of the Cincinnati and Southern Railroad.

The bill for a new Judicial District in Arkansas, with immaterial amendments, was defeated.

The bill providing for a Solicitor in the Interior Department passed.

Appropriations were resumed. A motion was made to include Pittsburg and Mobile, as places to which goods may be transported, which was adopted, when the Legislative, Judicial and Executive appropriation bills passed.

Four thirty-five, Evening.—The high barometer still continues north of and over the lakes, as reported this morning. The pressure has diminished on the Gulf and South Atlantic coast. There is no decided upper current of wind over the Eastern States, but a northwest current prevails in the far West, where a rapid diminution of pressure is reported, and a slight increase of temperature and high southerly winds on the upper lakes are brisk. It is probable that a storm is rising in the Northwest and will move South and East. Fresh southerly winds are indicated for to-morrow on the Gulf. Brisk easterly winds on the Lakes. Fair weather on the Atlantic coast.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 21.—The old officers of the Lackawana and Western Railroad Company have been reflected.

A person arrested for perjury in bankruptcy, gave $10,000 bail.

A special to the Telegram from Paris on the 20th, says: the question of occupation and retention of Metz is settled. The Lorraine line annexed will include Pont a Mousson. The French wish to prolong the armistice till the 24 of March. Von Moltke insists as a condition to prolongation, that the German forts shall enter Paris. It is expected that this condition will prevail.

The meeting of the Berlin Parliament was postponed.

The French must pay half of the indemnity by the 15th of March.

Paris is fast assuming its ordinary appearance. Prices are much reduced.

ALABAMA.

MONTE, February 21.—At a meeting of the Cotton Brokers' Association of this city, yesterday, a resolution passed adopting the New Orleans system of brokerage—that is, one half per cent. from buyer and one-quarter per cent from seller, the former rate uniformly 60 cents per bale.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, February 21.—The bill incorporating the Washington and Richmond Railroad, which would give the Pennsylvania Central Road a connection with the Southern road, and which passed the House yesterday, was defeated in the Senate this evening by a vote of 13 ayes to 24 nays.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, February 21.—The carnival passed off quietly to-day. The strangers in the city are estimated at 75,000—20,000 having arrived within the past four days. The hotels are overflowing. Those arriving by boats the past two days, retain their state rooms on the steamers for want of hotel accommodations.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, February 21.—A deputy United States Marshal has been killed at New Madrid. An ex-Sheriff has been arrested on suspicion.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, February 21.—Madame Schneider, the actress, is dead.

A dispatch from Havre, dated February 21, says: Upon the city of Alencon refusing to pay the assessment, the Mayor and ten Councilmen were thrown into prison.

A dispatch from Bordeaux, of same date, says: Bismarck is willing to resign Metz if Luxemburg be given to Germany.

Bismarck employs threats in urging Thiers to terms.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, February 21.—The President has sent a communication to the Senate in reply to a resolution, in which he encloses a statement of the expenses of the government for communication, transportation, etc., from 1849 to 1864, when the act for the construction of the Pacific Railroad was passed from the Missouri river to California, embracing the Territories; Kansas, Nebraska, Nevada, California, Utah and Colorado. For the Indian office $893,867. The Secretary of War says the entire cost to the military service of guarding the overland route, from the Missouri river to the Pacific ocean, was about one hundred million dollars.

This sum is rather below than above the cost of the service. The Postmaster-General says the cost of transportation of mails to the Pacific coast and intermediate points west of the Missouri River, was no less than $14,583,988, making a total of $123,507,355, or an average of over $8,000,000 per annum.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 21.—Washington's birthday and Ash Wednesday coming together, will cause almost the entire suspension of business. The Customhouse will be open for a short time.

Specie shipment to-morrow $200,000.

Gold sticky but dull all day, and fell off at the close. Good demand for governments from financial institutions, in order to invest accumulated money which cannot be loaned in Wall street.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, February 21.—Thiers, Favre and Picard arrived in Paris yesterday. They were to go to Versailles to-day.

All the European States have recognized the new government.

Louis Joseph Buffet, is the new French Minister of Finance.

Duke de Broglie is appointed French Minister to London.

The Crown Prince is at Versailles, after four days' absence.

In the House, the Government was sustained in a vote upon the resolve adverse to its army policy, by 138 majority.

CUBA.

HAVANA, February 21.—A dispatch from Santiago de Cuba says that several shocks of earthquakes were felt there yesterday. No damage. Shocks were felt at Trinidad de Cuba last week.

The insurgents have destroyed an important bridge between Santiago de Cuba and Villa del Cobria.

In an important engagement in the jurisdiction of Morou, the insurgents lost 15, the Spaniards 2 killed.

The insurgents are awaiting the arrival of Salome Hernandez with 400 men and 1 cannon, with the purpose of attacking isolated Spanish detachments and protecting the disembarkment of the Quesada expedition. No expedition has landed at Vuelta Abajo.

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 21.—Queen Maria Victoria, is hopelessly ill at Alassio. Her death is reported to-night.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, February 21.—Cotton dull and declining; middlings 15½; sales 3,000, bales.

Flour—Southern dull and droopy; common to good extra 6 70a7 20; good to choice 7 25a8 75. Whisky firmer at 92½a93. Wheat heavy and lower; winter red and amber western 1 58a1 60. Corn closed dull at 83a84; yellow Southern and Jersey 85a85½. Pork dull at 22 37½a22 50. Beef steady. Lard lower; kettle 13¾. Turpentine firm at 53½a54. Rosin quiet at 1 62a1 65. Tallow steady. Freights dull—per steam, corn 7; cotton 5-16.

To-morrow is a legal holiday in this State. Money easy at 3a4. Sterling steady 9½a9¾. Gold 11¼. Bonds steady, 6s 14; 6s 81; 6s same new 10½; 7s same; 8s 11¼; 40s 10½. Southerns dull and steady; Tennessee 64½; new same, Virginias 65½; new 60. Louisianas 68½; new 60. Levees 72; 8s 84. Alabamas 98; 8s 67. Georgias 80½; 7s 90½. North Carolinas 49; new 37. South Carolinas 73; new 53½.

NEW ORLEANS, February 21.—Cotton, middlings 15½; net receipts 22,156 bales; gross 22,940; exports to Great Britain 5,897; to Bremen 7,214; coastwise 1,305; sales 7,000; stock 292,456.

Flour scarce and firm; superfine 6 50; double extra 7 00; treble extra 7 25. Corn firmer; mixed and yellow 70a72; white 73a74. Oats firm; Ohio river 72; St. Louis 75. Bran firmer, at 1 25. Hay firmer; prime 24 00a25 00; choice 26 00a27 00. Pork firmer; mess 23 50. Bacon nominal at 10¼a12¾a12¾a13; hams 16¼a17¼. Lard—tierce 12¼a13¾; keg 14a14½. Sugar quiet; good to common 7a7½; prime 9a9¼. Molasses easier; prime 48a52. Whisky easier at 90a1 00. Coffee—prime 13¾a15¾. Sterling 21¼. Sight ¼ discount. Gold 11¼.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 21.—Flour, corn and provisions firm. Mess pork 22 00. Shoulders 9½; clear sides 12¾. Lard 12½. Whisky 87.

ST. LOUIS, February 21.—Flour scarce and firm; superfine 5 75a5 90. Corn dull; white in sacks 49a51. Whisky 89. Mess pork 22 00. Shoulders 9½; clear sides 11¾. Lard easier; kettle 13¼.

SAVANNAH, February 21.—Cotton in fair demand; middlings 14½; net receipts 3,652 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,550, coastwise 1,450; sales 1,400; stock 99,790.

GALVESTON, February 21.—Cotton strong; good ordinary 12½; net receipts 2,244 bales; exports to Great Britain 485; sales 1,200; stock 57,960.

BALTIMORE, February 21.—Cotton in good demand and prices advanced; middlings 15½; gross receipts 520 bales; exports coastwise 116; sales 425; stock 15,850.

NORFOLK, February 21.—Cotton—low middlings 13¾a14¾; net receipts 1,610 bales; exports coastwise 2,718; sales 175; stock 6,597.

CHARLESTON, February 21.—Cotton, middlings 14¼a14¾; net receipts 1,592 bales; exports to Great Britain 926, coastwise 768; sales 880; stock 32,790.

WILMINGTON, February 21.—Cotton, middlings 14; net receipts 377 bales; sales 186; stock on hand 4,352.

MOBILE, February 21.—Cotton quiet and firm; middlings 14½; net receipts 2,832 bales; exports coastwise 783; sales 1,000; stock 83,499.

CINCINNATI, February 21.—Flour dull and drooping; family 6 10a6 35. Corn steady. Provisions dull and nominal; no demand, cannot quote. Mess pork offered at 22 00. Shoulders 9½; sides 11¾a12; concessions are necessary to sell. Whisky a shade lower, 87 asked.

AUGUSTA, February 21.—Cotton market active at ¼c advance; say 14½ for middlings; sales 1,218 bales; receipts 960.

BOSTON, February 21.—Cotton—middlings 15½; net receipts 1,213 bales; gross 4,179; sales 400; stock on hand 7,000.

LONDON, February 21, evening.—Consols 92. Bonds 91.

LIVERPOOL, February 21, evening.—Cotton firmer; uplands 7¾a7¾; Orleans 7¾a8; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 3,000. Cumberland cut 5os. Turpentine 37s. 6d.a 38s.

LATER.—Cotton advanced a fraction. Yarns and fabrics firm at Manchester. Pork 97s. 6d.

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY!

Commencing Monday Feb. 20th,

THE PILGRIM,

OR

LIFE ILLUSTRATED!

The characteristics of this Popular Entertainment combine

EXQUISITE LANDSCAPES,

RICH HISTORICAL PAINTINGS,

CHARACTER PORTRAITURES,

Its startling incidents, magnificent scenic effects and incomprehensible

Transformation Scene,

Have been pronounced by competent authorities as the NE PLUS ULTRA of Spectacular Productions.

The Original Entertainment

As given in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Prices of Admission—Adults 75 cents; Children 50 cents. Doors open at 7, commence at 8 o'clock.

THREE GRAND MATINEES, on Wednesday, Friday and Saturday afternoons, commencing at 3½ P. M. Admission—Children 25 cts., Adults 50 cts.

Tickets for sale at Phillips & Crew's.

E. W. WARREN, Manager.
J. A. WINTON, Agent. feb21—d4t

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE!

FOUR NIGHTS ONLY.

Commencing Monday Feb. 27th.

The World-Renowned

DAVENPORT BROTHERS

WILL appear, after a most extraordinary and successful career of nineteen years, (five of which have been spent in Europe) in their

MYSTERIOUS AND STARTLING WONDERS!

Their wonderful Seances have been given in presence of the crowned heads of nobility of Europe, and before vast and intelligent assemblages throughout Europe and America. They must be seen to be appreciated.

Admission, $1 00; Gallery 50 cents; Reserved Seats 25 cents extra.

Seats can be secured in advance at Phillips & Crew's Book Store.

Doors open at 7—commence at 8 o'clock.
feb22-d8t

LAKE'S HIPPO-OLYMPIAD AND MAMMOTH CIRCUS!

FOR ONE DAY ONLY.

Atlanta,

Friday, February 24th, 1871.

Madame LAKE, in rendering a grateful recognition for the manifold and oft-repeated favors, she has received at the hands of Southern people the many seasons the HIPPO-OLYMPIAD has exhibited in the South, is pleased to be enabled to assure her patrons that she visits Atlanta with a troupe of the leading Artistes of the day—Gymnasts, Athletes and Equestrians.

ADMISSION, 75 cents; Children under 10 years 50 cents.

Grand Balloon Ascension from the Circus lot at 1 o'clock, P. M., free to all. Do not fail to see it. Remember, this is no paper balloon ascension, but an immense air ship.

Will be presented a Spectacular Dramatization of Lord Byron's poem of

MAZEPPA;

Or, the Wild Horse of Tartary, in which Mme. AGNES will appear in her original role of Mazeppa.
feb22-d2t

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

New Advertisements.

Wanted,

A FEW active Intelligent men, to act as Agents for the

Republic Life Insurance Company,

(Central office in Chicago) in Georgia. The Republic is a

Large, Strong, Safe Company, with a Large Capital and Experienced Managers,

Distributes its Stock and Loans its money where it procures its business. Its plans are low rates and simple contracts that all can understand. No such insurance for so much money. Agents will find it an especially easy company to work for. The best of policies will be required.

Address, or call on at office of W. P. Patillo, agent of Aetna Insurance Company, Railroad Block.

WILLIAM GOODNOW,
Southern Manager, Atlanta, Ga.
feb22-d3w

Newspaper AND JOB OFFICE FOR SALE.

THE proprietors of the "CALHOUN TIMES" desiring a change location, will dispose of the office on very low terms if applied for within two weeks.

Newspaper paying finely. Office new and complete.

Address PUBLISHER TIMES,
feb22 d3t Calhoun, Ga.

31 Diamond Hill Lots,

AT AUCTION, on the premises, near Evan's Chapel, in the 1st ward, at 3 o'clock FRIDAY EVENING, 24th inst. In their locality cottage residences and tenement houses are in great demand; and we recommend parties desiring to make small investments for large incomes on the same, to attend this sale, and buy one or more of these city lots.

feb22 d3t REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

Admini-trator's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary, of DeKalb county, Georgia, will be sold, before the Courthouse door, in Decatur, in said county, on the first Tuesday in April next, between the usual hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

Part or lot of land No. 160, in the 15th District, originally Henry, now DeKalb county, there being Twenty-five acres, more or less, in the Northeast corner of the South half, adjoining lands of the Reagan heirs.

Sold as the property of Elizabeth Ruey, late of DeKalb county, deceased. Sold for the benefit of the heirs and creditors of said deceased. Terms—cash.

This February 20, 1871. JAMES M. HUEY,
feb22-w6w (Printer's fee $10) Administrator.

GEORGIA, Gwinnett County.

WHEREAS C. G. McGaffey, Administrator, with the Will annexed, on the Estate of James Sexton, deceased, presents to the Court of Ordinary of said county, that he has fully administered said estate. This is therefore to cite all, and singular, the kindred and creditors, to be and appear at my office on or before the first Monday in April, 1871, and show cause, if any they have, why said Administrator should not be discharged from his administration and receive Letters of Dismission. This February 20th, 1871.

JAMES T. LAMKIN, Ordinary.
feb22—w4w Printer's Fee $4 50

Live Geese Feathers.

1000 LBS. FRESH NEW GEESE FEATHERS, just received, on consignment. For sale at 75c. per lb., by ADAIR & BRO.,
feb22-d3t Commission Merchants.

FORT GAINES LOTTERY,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

FORT GAINES ACADEMY.

J. E. SIMMONS & CO., Managers.

SUPPLEMENTARY DRAWINGS.

CLASS87—FEB. 21, 1871, MORNING.

74	67	75	43	30	66	69	26	28	54	24	21	14		
70	59	75	43	30	66	69	26	28	54	24	21	14		

CLASS 88—FEB. 21, 1871, EVENING.

59	49	53	45	1	26	20	29	22	78	60	3			

Witness my hand at Atlanta, Ga., this 21st day of February, 1871. W. R. HIGGINS,
feb22—d1t Commissioner.

80 Horse ENGINE & BOILERS

FOR sale, cheap. R. L. BLOOMFIELD,
Agent Athens Manufacturing Company,
feb17-d2m Athens, Ga.

SPRING AND SUMMER IMPORTATION.

French War!!

...uring Mill Owners!

...Wheat of all impurities for flouring, is the Ingham ... combined. It took the first premium at the Georgia ...er at the Great Fair at St. Louis, Mo. ...d give it a trial, giving him sixty days to try and ... notified and we'll all to make it work satisfactorily ...it.

...AM OR CALIFORNIA

LEANER!

...RATOR COMBINED,

...ND SOLD BY

L & CO.,

- - - Ohio.

...has been made for many years in machines for ...d in a mill for that purpose, and save the neces... one operation, and with the utmost economy of ...

...Free from Dust and Smut, and in a condition to ...t, and may be put on the floor with the stones or ...milling may dictate. In the following essential

...ithout Wasting.
...duction.
...ending.
...e, and vibrated by a belt connected with the fan ...e more, etc., issuing off at the end of the ma... or elsewhere, on which a current of air is drawn by ... thereby entering the beating cylinder. It then en... grated case on the under side, the entire length, ...ugh the holes in the case, carrying with it every ...on the kernel, and pr vents, immediately, any ...ing to the other end of the cylinder, the grain is ...fined, and blown again in the most perfect man... passes down a lattice work in the receptacle, ...ust being drawn through the lattice into the fan ...r rear side to graduate the current of air in the air

...Y OF CONSTRUCTION.

...of iron, and each of its parts can be removed and ...beating cylinder and its surrounding cases are ...ade of heavy iron, and do not wear out; are prac...ically wear out; and to avoid the expense of con... to be easily and quickly replaced with new ...t $10 for the larger size. Actually lasting from

...t to last ten times as long as those made of wire ...the mouth of the fan case can be turned to blow ...By cleaning a couple of nuts on the side of the ...outward.

...M FIRE.

...e and will run night and day, constantly, with... apart from any risk of iron. With these safe... to originate from them. In addition, the grain ...nored instead of falling about the machine, and ...ses, instead of being cooped up in a cockloft

...NCE OF ATTENDING.

...a mill, we feel safe in saying is a great annoy... the mouth of a fan case, the dirt it conveys, and ...ins the difficulty is entirely avoided and the mill

...CLEANSING APPARATUS, and occupies a ...LE POWER, and saves the multiplicity of gear ...ch makes no dirt, and wears for no wheat. Pullies ...and dirt in numberless places about a mill. It ...ines the wheat crop of that State can badly affect... machines, for removing smut.

...ing twice as much power. It is the most per... the Grain longer than any Upright scourer, con... can possibly do. It is adapted to cleansing ...perfectly clean.

...S AND RAT FILTH.

...machine, the wheat is conducted on to a smooth ...the perforated case of the riddle, thus throwing ...g nearly all of it off in this way. This is a very

50 MACHINE.

...ree inches wide. Scourer—one foot four inches ...ly detached from the main machine so as to go ...distance. Weight 600 pounds. Revolutin of

...ONSTRUCTION

...e will keep the machine in perfect order and re... annual.

...PACITY.

...our.....$150
...our.....200
...ur.....250

...LE.

...e York, P. O. Money Order—to the Express.

...DITIONS.

...e receiving a machine to pay for it within thirty ...either to remain in use until paid for, if it does ...ma ke it work satisfactorily, it may be set aside

...V.

...following perfectly:
...ates and carries off all straw, sticks, nails, rat ...ses, coin, bolts, needs or odd or foul substances ...th all other screens, fans etc. It expels all the ...ill state whether your mill is run by water or

...of this Machine. They are equally specimens of

...ve not room. We hereby wish to say that our ...e clearly all without any knowledge or any re... We think we can say what no other manufac... our circular we have not had a single machine

...f machine and price, name of station or place ...County and State, as the purchaser always pays ...INSON, Atlanta, Georgia, or E. J. CAMP, At-

...nials.

...r sticks, weeds, rat filth, etc., it beats all ...chine yet in this country; it runs very nice, ...ast little power.

JOHN PYKE, Millright.

WISCONSIN.

...NOMONEE FALLS, Waukesha co., June 7, 1869.

...EAL & Co.—I have been using the Ingham ...ined Smutter and Separator for upwards o f six ...and I am glad to say it has not cost me five ...during all that time for repairs, and as for ...ng, there is nothing better, what it wont rake ...ot worth taking out. I would not take One ...and Dollars for it without the privilege of get...another like it.

J. B. NEHS.

KENTUCKY.

RICHMOND, Madison county, Nov. 28, 1868.

...EAL & Co.—I have now had time to fully test ...gham Wheat Cleaner and find that it greatly ...my expectations, and is the only support to ...est cleaning apparatus that is known in this ...It is susceptible of adjustment to suit any ...of wheat, does its work perfectly, requires little ...er compared with other smut machines, is ...ghly economical in clothing, sawdust, washing ...Another great advantage in the adoption of ...chine is the simplicity, consisting all of the ...heat cleaning apparatus in one little macaine ...four feet square, thus avoiding the multi... of machinery.

M. BARLOW.

WEST VIRGINIA.

MOOREFIELD, Hardy county, West Va.

...EAL & Co.—I have had a good opportunity of ...your Cleaner and Smutter, and find it a very ...r machine, it does all you claim for it. I can ...recommend it to all persons in the milling busi...believing it to be the best machine in use, and ...erior to any that I have ever seen. It master ...t that is worth saving, and runs as easy as any ...e with the same amount of gearing can run.

J. DANIELS.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 22, 1870.

...EAL & Co., Bucyrus, O.—Gents: We enclose ...h check on New York for $200 to pay for Ing... Wheat Cleaner and Smutter, which we ...ve our mill last January, has given entire sat... and we believe a more complete machine fo ...ing has yet to be invented. Any further ad... which can be claimed for the machine, is that ...s little power to run it.

N. F. JORDAN & CO.

ALABAMA.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., June 1, 1870.

...EAL & Co.—Dear Sirs: The California Smut... its work most perfectly, especially cutting ...apar'cles. I found one of your Smutters at ...all Mills" in Huntsville, which the miller ...hirty (30) years experience) says is the best he ...Yours truly,

BAYLER R. STEWART.

BLACK RIVER FALLS, Wis., June 23, 1870.

...EAL & Co.—Sirs: The Smutter you sent us ...ire satisfaction. We must say it is the best ...le we ever took a Pease Smutter and ...er out, and by putting years in the place we ...ver enough to make five barrels of flour more ...an we did before.

J. V. WELLS & CO.

IOWA.

LOWELL, Wis., June 20, 1870.

...EAL & Co.—I am using one of your No. 2 ...ers; it has run four years and is now in ...good work, and we are perfectly satisfied with ...

M. F. PEASE.

GALESVILLE, Wis., July 20, 1870.

...EAL & Co.—I am now using three of your Cil... Smutters, giving the very best of satisfaction; ...e another No. 3 for my new mill. Will send ...e by Spring.

WILSON DAVIS.

...DEAL & CO., Bucyrus, Ohio.
...ARK W. JOHNSON, Atlanta, Ga.
...J. CAMP, Athens, Ga.

The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Georgia, February 22, 1871.

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The Republic Life Insurance Company desires agents in Georgia.

The Davenport Brothers will astonish the people of Atlanta at De Give's opera House on Monday night, 27th instant.

Novelty Iron Works Company. Notice from Wm. McNaught, President.

Millers and Millwrights will consult their interests by reference to the card of J. M. & J. C. Alexander.

Funeral Notice. To the friends and acquaintances of A. B. Forsyth.

The Times, Calhoun, Ga., is offered for sale by the publisher, Elam Christian, with Job Office.

Lake's Improved Grand and Mammoth Circus give notice of their approach—will perform in Atlanta one day only.

Adair & Pro. advertise 1,000 pounds fresh new geese feathers.

Diamond Hill Lots, on the premises near Evan's Chapel, at auction, by Bell & Hammock, Real Estate Agents.

J. W. Thomas & Co., Commission Merchants and Merchandise Brokers, invoke the attention of the public.

Two Business Lots on Broad street, at Auction—By Wallace & Fowler.

For Sale or Rent—By M. P. Kiser, two Store Rooms in Dallas, Ga.

Fort Gaines Lottery, Official Drawings—W. R. Biggers, Commissioner.

Administrator's Sale, at Decatur, Ga.—By James M. Henry. Twenty-five Acres of Land.

The California Wheat Cleaner. Special notice to flouring mill owners from M. Deal & Co., Bucyrus, Ohio.

THE Banks are closed to day.

WE regret to hear of the severe illness of Mr. and Mrs. Larkin H. Davis.

CALLING at the Ordinary's office yesterday we found that Judge Pittman, was off to Macon relative to the building of a new county jail.

MESSRS. MERCER & WOOTEN having completed the government buildings in Florida, contracted for by them, returned to the city yesterday morning.

MR. LARKIN DAVIS has had the foundation of another store house started in the rear of his dwelling, and fronting on Broad street.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHAPEL.—To-day being Ash Wednesday, the Rev. Dr. Cross will hold divine service at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M.

WHAT TO DO WITH IT?—Seems to be the question in regard to Mitchell street, between Pryor and Loyd.

In the case of the State against L. A. Pond, charged with larceny, Judge Smith bound the defendant over to the Superior Court.

JOHN KIRKPATRICK, Esq., on last Sunday, presented the Presbyterian Church at Decatur with a handsome silver communion service.

WORKMEN are engaged laying the foundation of the Air-Line Railroad Depot. It is located between the Georgia Railroad track and Decatur street, and just below the West Point Freight Depot.

COLONEL ADAIR'S sale of the Lynch property, yesterday, was well attended. The bids were spirited, and the prices satisfactory. Sixty-six of the lots were sold.

AS THOUGHTS of the long hot summer days spring up in the mind, it is pleasant to see that a large number of shade trees have been set out in different parts of the city.

THE "Bagly House," located at Rough and ready, was sold in front of A. K. Seago's office, yesterday afternoon, and brought $250. Half cash and the remainder on a credit until next December

THE election of officers of Talulah Fire Company comes off to-day. C. A. Collier, S. A. Echols and Dr. Jackson, are candidates for President. They wind up with a grand supper to-night at Bell's Hall.

THE matinee of this afternoon, has been postponed until Thursday evening, as Mr. Warren has kindly tendered the Hall to the Masonic fraternity today. The Pilgrim will be exhibited to-night as announced.

ELI J. MCDANIEL, Esq., of Gwinnett county, produced 963 pounds of lint cotton per acre by the application of 800 pounds of Ruth's Challenge Superphosphate per acre. This is a *strong* recommendation to a *strong* fertilizer vended by a *strong* cotton man.

THERE is no blockade at Chattanooga. Freight is moving from there daily in large quantities. The large amount of grain being landed from river boats obliged the agent to suspend receiving during rainy weather.

THERE were five cases before his Honor Mayor Hammond on yesterday, three for disorderl y conduct and profane language, and two for selling spirituous liquors in less quantity than one gallon without license from City Council. Fines imposed amounted to $50.

We are indebted to Mr. E. F. Block for some samples of fancy candy made at his candy manufactory on Broad street. These samples are equal to any made in New York. Mr. Block says that he can furnish to dealers his candies at figure s almost equal to New York prices.

AN excellent opportunity will be offered by Captain J. H. Barrett, at 10 o'clock this morning, at his rooms under the Kimball House, to purchase elegant bedsteads, bureaus, wash-stands, carpets, lace curtains with rose wood cornice, window shades, mattresses, etc. He will also sell a very large and handsome mirror.

WE had the pleasure of a call yesterday from Mr. Wm. Goodnow, agent of the Republic Life Insurance Company of Chicago, who comes here to establish a branch company at this point. From the circulars received, we believe the company to be reliable and strong, and worthy the attention of the people.

THE various business streets presented an unusually lively appearance yesterday. There were large numbers of a ugust from the country in the city, and quite a large amount of trade was going on during the day. Large crowds of persons were passing the main streets, and long freight trains were moving over the railroads. Altogether, much vim and vitality was manifest.

OGLETHORPE UNIVERSITY.—This Institution is rapidly growing in popularity. Ex-Governor Brown proposes to add *one thousand dollars* to the building fund. Many others will doubtless follow this conspicious example of liberality. But the ex-Governor appreciates the value of Oglethorpe to the prosperity of Atlanta. Whom next shall we chronicle?

DEDICATION OF MASONIC LODGE ROOM. The Grand Lodge assemble at 9 o'clock to-day at the hall of Capitol Lodge, I. O. O. F., corner of Mitchell and Broad streets, and from thence march, escorted by the Knights Templar, to their new hall, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, where the dedication services take place. At 4 o'clock Grand Master Samuel Lawrence delivers an address. After this the Lodge and Commandery rooms will be opened for visitors.

JUSTICE.—The premium of $500 for the best yield of cotton per acre, offered by H. I. Kimball at the late fair, we learn, was awarded by the committee, on Monday, to Hon. John C. Ragsdale, of DeKalb county. The committee, during the Fair reported adversely, from which Mr. R appealed. When the committee met and investigated the subject, they discovered that Mr. Ragsdale was entitled to the award, and consequently made it. This was but an act of sheer justice to him.

THE Sophomores of the Oglethorpe University will give next Friday evening to prize declamation in the City Hall. The students selected for the contest are gifted elocutionists, and belong to some of the best families in the city and country. Gen. Garlington has been chosen to present the prizes, and his speech will constitute one of the most attractive features of the occasion. Let our citizens turn out largely to greet the young orators.

PRAYER FOR SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES. The last Thursday in February has been observed for many years as a day of special prayer for the youth gathered in our schools and colleges. In accordance with this long established practice, there will be a season of prayer observed in the First Presbyterian Church, Marietta street, commencing precisely at 4 o'clock to-morrow (Thursday) afternoon. Christians generally are cordially invited to participate, and especially the young men in our college and high schools and their teachers.

J. W. THOMAS & CO.,—In another column will be found the advertisement of Messrs. J. W. Thomas & Co., commission merchants and merchandize brokers. They deal directly with manufacturers, refiners and importers, and having ample arrangements, will keep constantly on hand samples of leading articles needed in the grocery and drug line. City and country merchan s will find it to their interest to consult with them personally or by letter. They are thoroughly reliable, prompt and energetic. We feel ne hesitancy in recommending them to our readers. Call and see them. Their office and sample room is in Kelly's building, on the southwest corner of Broad and Alabama streets.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.—*Evening Session, Feb. 21, 1871.*—Argument of No. 16, Chattahoochee Circuit, was concluded.

No. 17 was then taken up. It is Sophia Hargrove vs. James K. Redd, from Muscogee.

Peabody & Brannon, H. L. Benning, J. M. Russell, for plaintiff in error.

Ingram, Worrill, Williams & Thornton, Ramsey & Ramsey, R. D. Hunter, for defendant.

Notice of Court in this case. It will occupy to-morrow.

THE H. I. Kimball House Bathing Rooms are now ready. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Single Bath 50 Cents. Tickets at reduced prices.

feb19—d3t

WINDOW GLASS.—1,000 boxes of Window Glass in store and to arrive. All sizes, ranging from 8 by 10 to 40 by 60. Call at once at

W. A. LANSDELL'S,
Whitehall Street,
feb18—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

If you want Rosadalis, Koskoo, McLean's Cordial, Tutt's Sarsaparilla, or Radway's Ready Resolvent, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street.

july10-d1y

PLENTY FOR EVERYBODY.—John Peel's is the place to get fresh fish, oysters, Bologna sausage, fruits and confectioneries. One hundred boxes fine oranges, over 20,000, just arrived. Wholesale dealers will find it to their interest to call.

Cash system in future. nov27-d1y

MORE than 500,000 people bear testimony to the wonderful curative effects of Dr. Pierce's Alt. Ext. or Golden Medical Discovery. For palpitation or irregular action of the heart, all severe acute or lingering cougis, and for "Liver Complaint" or "Biliousness" is unequaled. Sold by all druggists.

feb19-d1w&wkf

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—Geo. Cook & Co., Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. The largest house in the Southern States. Mr. Wm. M. Shackleford, an experienced gentlemen, superintends the Musical Department. Professional and Amateur Musicians will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Everything pertaining to the "Art Melodious," to be found here. Special attention paid to Tuning Pianos.

GEORGE COOK & Co.,
aug24-d1y Marietta street.

GROSS IMPOSITION.—No imposition is more to be condemned than that of "short weight." So common is this, that hardly an article of commerce is offered to the public which has the full weight represented. Such is not the case with Dooley's Yeast Powder, now universally used in this country. Each package contains with scrupulous exactness the full quantity or weight labeled upon it, and will produce better and greater results than any other Baking Powder in market. Try it, and satisfy yourselves of the truth of our assertion. For sale by all Grocers.

feb19-d1w

PIMPLES ON THE FACE.—For Comedones, Blackworm or Grub Grubs, Pimply Eruptions and blotched disfigurations on the Face, use Perry's Comedone and Pimple Remedy. Depot 49 Bond Street, New York. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

FOR MOTH PATCHES, FRECKLES AND TAN, use "Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion." The only reliable and harmless remedy known to science for removing brown discolorations from the face. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. Perry, 49 Bond Street, New York. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Wholesale by

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co.

dec30-dcod3m

We read almost daily the whining of some old fogy, who, in his old age, cannot see that we are daily advancing in the arts and sciences, and as an improvement in medicine is a step forward in science, all the old fogys cry out, don't take it, but confine yourself to the preparations of our grandmothers, we knew them to be good in their day; so was blood letting thought to be good, where it is to-day? discarded by nearly every physician of culture. So it will be with these good old medicines. Among the vast improvements in tonics of the present go-ahead age, Lippman's Great German Bitters stands in the foremost rank. A. C. & B. F. Wyly and West & Edwards, Atlanta, Ga., wholesale agents. feb19-dcod1w&wkf

WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND.—To relieve the aching heart of woman in the various irregularities of the womb, to which woman is subject, disappear like magic before a single bottle of this wonderful compound. It is prepared by L. H. Bradfield, Drug gist, Atlanta, Ga., and sold at $1.50 per bottle by respectable druggists everywhere. Physicians prescribe it. Its action is prompt, sure and decisive.

nov5-tf

POISONOUS MEDICINES.—The theory that the virus of disease can be safely counteracted by doses of poison, is falsand dangerous. Within the last twenty-five years, not less than a score of virulent poisons have been added to the repository of the medical profession. They are given in small doses, otherwise they would destroy life immediately; but even in minute quantities, they produce, ultimately, very disastrous effects. It is unwise and unphilosophical to employ, as remedies, powerful and insidious drugs, which, in subjugating one disease, sow the seeds of another still more unmanageable. None of these terrible medicamente operates with as much directness and certainty upon the causes of disease as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a tonic and corrective, without a single deleterious ingredient in its composition. Arsenic and quinia are given for intermittents; bromide of potassium for nervous disorders; strychnine and prussic acid for general debility; mercury, in various forms, for liver complaint; preparations of chloroform and opium for sleeplessness; and yet these deadly drugs do not compare, as specifics for the diseases above enumerated, with that wholesome vegetable invigorant and alterative, while they are all so pernicious that it is astonishing any physician should take the responsibility of prescribing them. Let invalids, for their own sakes, try the Bitters before they resort to the poisons. The relief they will experience from a course of the harmless specific, will render a recourse to the unsafe preparations referred to quite unnecessary. feb19-d1w&wkf

Local and Business Notices.

THERE are over fifty pupils attending the Atlanta Literary Female Institute.

feb22-d1t

PERSONAL.—We are glad to announce that Dr. Burner, has consented to give another of his celebrated lectures to-night, at Good Templars' Hall, Peachtree street. Judging from his last, those wishing seats will do well to go early, as the house was filled to overflowing. Come out, everybody, and hear the Doctor. Doors open at 7 o'clock; to commence at 7:45. feb22-d1t

Eeeeeeee's—Now being printed in Hanleiter's Directory. Look out for the names of firms, societies, etc., commencing with E. If you have not been called upon, furnish information at once. feb21-dtf

A HEALTHY DIGESTION.—Life is rendered miserable when the digestive organs are impaired. Food becomes repulsive; the body emaciated; the mind depressed, and melancholy broods over you. Tutt's Vegetable Liver Pills is the remedy for these evils; they produce sound digestion; create a good appetite, impart refreshing sleep and cheerfulness of mind. feb22-d1w

50 DOZEN Lard Cans for sale cheap by
L. B. LANGFORD.

dec16-dtf.

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., is perfect in every point of comfort.

feb19-d1w

THE ATLANTA LITERARY FEMALE INSTITUTE has an Organ, and teaches Vocal Music to the whole school, free of charge.

feb22-d1t

Go to Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, for anything you want in the drug line. You will get it cheaper than at any other house in the city july10-d1y

IF YOU want Soda, Cream Tartar, Black Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Nutmegs, Mace, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street.

july10-d1y

IF YOU want White Rock Potash, Concentrated Lye, Cheap Soap, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

Go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, and get the best Lubricating Oil that is made for fine machinery.

july10-d1y

IF YOU want pure Drugs go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street.

july10-d1y

LEITER continues to do all kinds of Ruling and Book Binding, Granite Block, Atlanta, Ga.

nov17-d1y

BOOK-KEEPER.—A good Book-Keeper, well recommended, wants a situation. Apply to Hanleiter, Bookbinder. feb16-dtf.

20 BARRELS Onion Sets.
5,000 dozen fresh Garden Seeds.
50 dozen Vinegar Bitters.
50 dozen Plantation Bitters.
50 dozen Hostetters Bitters.
500 boxes Window Glass.
10 tons White Lead.
500 gallons Linseed Oil.
15 gross Southern Soothing Syrup.
Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Perfumery, Fancy Goods, etc., in quantity, at the lowest prices.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co.,
Wholesale Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.

feb21-dtf

250 barrels Pink-Eyes, Early Goodrich and Early Rose Potatoes, just received and for sale by T. J. Hightower & Co.,
Corner Broad and Mitchell Streets.

feb17—d1w

IF YOU want Window Glass, Pure Lead, Linseed Oil, Putty, or anything in the paint line, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS.—Dr. E. P. Healy cures the above by Cancer Antidotes. No knife; little pain. Kline's branch office at M. Stubblefield House, Atlanta, Ga.

SEA FOWL GUANO FOR 1871.

(Imported by Bolt & McKinzie, Savannah, Georgia.)

Price Reduced to Conform to the Times, viz:

$58.00 per Ton.

I can say, with great pleasure, that, with an experience of four years in selling this excellent

Guano,

I have never heard of its failure in a single instance.

Among those who have used it, I take the liberty of naming Gen. John B. Gordon, Col. R. A. Alston, A. B. Davis, Dr. J. S. Holliday, Ex-Governor Joseph E. Brown, Judge C. C. Greene, Atlanta; M. L. Ruff, I. M. Eason, of Cobb, and many others to whom I refer.

Judge W. C. Riddle, of Washington county, who used 325 Tons last year, wants 300 Tons this year, notwithstanding the low price of Cotton.

Use it on your **WHEAT.**

USE IT ON YOUR **COTTON!**

BY ALL MEANS is it on your **CORN!**

Use it on your Vegetables.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST AND TERMS TO

MARK W. JOHNSON,
Dealer in Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guanos,
January 7, 1871—d3m Broad Sreet, Atlanta, Georgia.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

NEW DRUG STORE JUST OPENED

IN THE EMPIRE BLOCK,

No. 1 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

D. O. C. Heery, M. D., J. M. Rendleman, M. D.,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists.

WE have opened at the above stand, and intend keeping a first-class stock of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glass, and all articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store, and respectfully invite the attention of Physicians, Families, Merchants and Traders to our stock. We keep nothing but first-class goods, and guarantee the purity of them. Particular attention will be paid to the

Prescription Department,

Which will be directly under our own supervision, and having had many years experience, we guarantee satisfaction. feb16—d3m

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, Etc.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Lime, Guano, Virginia Land Plaster and Salt,

Forsyth Street, near the Capitol,

ATLANTA, - - - - GA.

HAVE NOW IN STORE, AT THEIR OLD STAND,

100,000 POUNDS BULK MEAT, 50,000 lbs. Bacon—Hams, Sides and Shoulders,
Whisky, Corn Whisky, Cotton Yarns, Domestics, Grain Sacks, and heavy stocks generally of

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS,

All on Consignment, and to be exchanged for Cash; to prompt paying customers we offer superior inducements in the way of LOW PRICES. With increased trade, and more extended connections with Western

Producers and Packers,

we are enabled to compete in price with Western Dealers. Being agents for the sale of FLOUR manufactured at ROME, Georgia, by the

Celebrated "Champion Mills,"

and receiving large quantities of it daily, we are prepared to supply the trade with that

Favorite Brand,

Or, with other brands from some of the best Mills in Southern Kentucky or Tennessee.

TO CONSIGNORS we are prepared to make

Liberal Cash Advances

on any and all goods consigned to us for sale, and will make prompt returns for same as soon as sold.

40,000 POUNDS COTTON SEED MEAL, a very superior article for Stock Feed.
jan8—d1y STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

Great Reduction in Prices

—OF—

Zells' Ammoniated Bone Superphosphate!

—AND—

Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate.

TO ARRIVE:

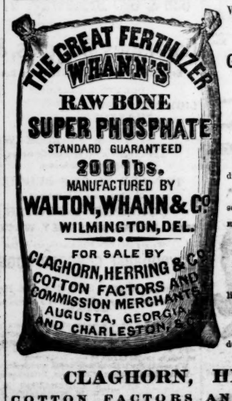
200 Tons Zells,
100 " Patapsco,
50 " Baugh's Raw Bone.

The above Fertilizers need no commendation, having already made for themselves a name in Georgia. It will pay—properly applied.

Plow Deep! Deep!! Deep!!!

That is the true secret of success. Try it again, and send your orders to

T. J. HIGHTOWER & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Provision Dealers,
jan29-d1m Corner Broad and Mitchell streets Atlanta.



WE AGAIN OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THE

GREAT FERTILIZER.

WHANN'S

RAW-BONE SUPERPHOSPHATE,

Which has given such UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION during the past two years.

We GUARANTEE it equal in quality to that previously sold by us and our AGENTS, AND REFER TO ALL WHO HAVE USED IT.

PRICE:

$51 00 cash, delivered on cars at Charleston.
$53 50 for Factors' acceptances, due November 1, delivered on cars at Charleston.
$54 00 cash, delivered on cars at Augusta.
$55 00 for Factor' acceptances, due November 1, delivered on cars at Augusta.

CLAGHORN, HERRING & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Augusta, Georgia, Charleston, South Carolina.

jan23—d4w3m

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
TALLADEGA, ALABAMA.
Colonel R. ROSS, Proprietor.

LOST.

ON SUNDAY, 19th instant, in the city, a ROLL OF GREENBACKS, containing $280 00. A Reward of $50 to the finder who will leave it at either Tait Conductor's Store or Express office. feb21-d3t

Diamond Pointed STEAM DRILLS.

For Rock Drilling.

Adapted to Mining, Quarrying, Shafting, Tunneling, Railroad Grading, Artesian Well Boring, Prospecting, etc.

FIFTY TO SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT. OF COST AND TIME OF HAND LABOR SAVED.

"TEST CORES," in form of solid cylinders of rock or mineral, taken out of mines from any depth not exceeding one thousand (1,000) feet, showing true value, stratification, etc.

NO PERCUSSION.

Never needs sharpening, as the Cutting Points, composed of

ROUGH DIAMONDS

are practically indestructible.

FIRST PREMIUMS

awarded in both Europe and America.

BEWARE OF INFRINGEMENTS.

Illustrated circulars sent on application.

Address: SEVERANCE & HOLT,
Manufacturers,
feb5—dcod3m Office, 16 Wall street, New York.

State of Georgia, DeKalb County.

TO THE SUPERIOR COURT OF DeKALB COUNTY.

THE petition of James D. Robinson and J. T. Lumpkin, of Fulton county, and John L. Hamilton and W. G. Whibby, of DeKalb, with their associates and successors, desire to be incorporated for the purpose of carrying on, in the county of DeKalb, the business of manufacturing paper under the corporate name and style of "THE CONSTITUTION PAPER MILL COMPANY," the amount of capital employed by them, actually paid in, to be $15,000, with privilege to increase the same to $100,000 at any time. Wherefore your petitioners pray an order from said Court granting their application, and incorporating them and their successors under the name and style aforesaid.

J. D. ROBINSON,
J. T. LUMPKIN,
J. L. HAMILTON,
W. G. WHIBBY,
J. P. HOWELL,
Petitioners' Attorney.

GEORGIA, DeKALB COUNTY.—Recorded in Book M, February 13th, 1871.

feb19—d1aw4w H. J. WILLIAMS, Clerk S. C.

S. J. SALLAS.

SALLAS keeps no bar, but he does keep

Good Wines and Liquors,

which he sells by the Bottle or Gallon. Parties wishing to buy that way, should not fail to get them from him. His is a Respectable House, and ladies should feel no hesitancy in going there for any Wines or Liquors they may want—either for medicinal or culinary purposes.

He always has on hand a plentiful supply of the finest brands of

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

So, gentlemen, you who can appreciate and enjoy a good smoke or something good to chew, should go to S. J. Sallas'. Call to call and see him.

Store No. 31, Whitehall street, opposite Jno. Ryan's. jan29-3m

CAVE SPRING HOTEL PROPERTY

For Sale.

THE Cave Spring Hotel, two Stores rooms, Livery Stable, Bathing House, and three acres of the best quality of land to be sold for want of use. Cave Spring is noted for its salubrity of climate, its pure water, its fine orchards and good society. Those wishing to make a good and safe investment would do well to apply soon to J. L. & A. J. PINSON,
feb19—dtm Cave Spring, Ga.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO

CONSUMERS OF DRY GOODS.

All Retail Orders amounting to $20 and Over Delivered in any Part of the Country

FREE OF EXPRESS CHARGES.

HAMILTON EASTER & SONS,

OF BALTIMORE, MD.,

In order the better to meet the want of their Retail Customers at a distance, have established a

SAMPLE BUREAU,

and will, upon application, promptly send by mail full lines of Samples of the Newest and most Fashionable Goods, of FRENCH, ENGLISH, AMERICAN MANUFACTURE, guaranteeing at all times to sell as low, if not at lower prices, than any house in the country.

Buying our goods from the largest and most celebrated manufacturers in the different parts of Europe, and importing the same by Steamers direct to Baltimore, our stock is at all times promptly supplied with the novelties of the London and Paris markets.

Parties sending for samples will please state, and make no bad debts, we are able and willing to sell ourgoods at prices TEN TO FIFTEEN PER CENT. LESS PROFIT than if we give credit.

In sending for samples specify the kind of goods desired. We keep the best grades of every class of goods, from the lowest to the most costly.

Orders promptly executed by the cash will be sent C. O. D.

PROMPT-PAYING WHOLESALE BUYERS are invited to inspect the Stock in our Jobbing and Package Department.

Address: HAMILTON EASTER & SONS,
197, 199, 201 and 203 West Baltimore Street,
nov5-dcod1y Baltimore Md.

The King House,

Stone Mountain,

FAVORITE SUMMER RESORT,

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

TRAINS BREAKFAST THERE.

J. J. MORRISON,
feb18-dtf Proprietor.

A CARD.

THE undersigned having bought the School Property corner Ivy and Ellis streets, and the unexpired lease, will be prepared by the 1st March to admit 75 or 100 pupils, girls and little boys. It is the purpose of the Proprietor to make the School a deserved success. It numbered fifty-two pupils last year, is in a delightful community, and accessible to any part of the city. Charges moderate.

J. M. C. SHUMATE.

Atlanta, February 19, 1871—d1w

THE WILSON

Improved Shuttle Sewing Machine.

AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUMS.

Louisville, Ky., and Indianapolis, Ind., State Fairs, in 1870.

It is the best and cheapest in use, combining beauty, simplicity and durability, with capacity and strength for doing all kinds of work. It makes very little noise, runs light and easy, makes the "lock stitch" alike on both sides.

It is unexcelled!

PRICE $45.

AGENTS WANTED in every county in GEORGIA and FLORIDA, where we have no one already employed, to whom we are prepared to offer extraordinary liberal inducements. For further particulars address

W. H. GRIFFIN, & CO., Gen'l Agents,
P. O. Box 462, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.—Call at No 33 Peachtree street and examine the Wilson Machine. You can buy one for $45 as good as any sold for $75, and have $5 deducted from it by paying cash. It is warranted to you for 3 years. Money saved is money made.

feb18-d1t

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Sunday, February 12th, 1871, the Passenger Trains will run on the Western and Atlantic Railroad as follows:

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	10 15 P M
Arrives Kingston	1 14 A M
Arrives Dalton	3 15 A M
Arrives Chattanooga	5 40 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	9 50 A M
Arrives Dalton	11 11 P M
Arrives Kingston	1 10 A M
Arrives Atlanta	5 17 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives Kingston	11 45 A M
Arrives Dalton	2 15 P M
Arrives Chattanooga	4 25 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	5 50 A M
Arrives Dalton	8 10 A M
Arrives Kingston	10 30 A M
Arrives Atlanta	2 00 P M

R. R. WALKER,
feb14—d1m(inside) Master Transportation.

Atlanta Medical College.

THE THIRTEENTH Regular ANNUAL SESSION of this Institution will open on the first Monday in May next, and continue until the last of the following August.

FACULTY.

JOHN W. JONES, M. D., Prof. of Principles and Practice of Medicine.
JOHN T. BANKS, M. D., Prof. of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women.
R. D. MOORE, M. D., Prof. of Physiology.
W. F. WESTMORELAND, M. D., Prof. of Principles and Practice of Surgery.
L. H. GOODWIN, M. D., Prof. of Clinical Surgery and Diseases of the Eye and Ear.
H. W. BROWN, M. D., Prof. of General and Special Anatomy.
W. F. GOODWIN, M. D., Prof. of General and Medical Chemistry.
J. G. WESTMORELAND, M. D., Prof. of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
N. PALMYSTRY, M. D., Curator.
For further information address

J. G. WESTMORELAND, Dean.
Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 17, 1871. feb19—d3t

LOOK!

CANCERS EFFECTUALLY CURED!

I WILL guarantee that I have cured as many as any other man for the last eight years if I make no cure I make no charge only for board of patients during treatment.

Office at the Drug Store of Pemberton, Taylor & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

JAMES BAGGS.

feb19—d1w

MUTUAL FRIEND,

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

1870.

WE, the undersigned, are using the "MUTUAL FRIEND" COOKING STOVE, manufactured by the National Stove Works, New York; and believing it to be the best Cooking Stove in the market, cordially recommend it to all who desire to purchase a first-class Cooking Stove.

Gen. A. H. COLQUITT, Vice-President Southern Life Insurance Company, Atlanta, Ga.
Maj. J. B. MORGAN, Atlanta, Ga.
H. T. PHILLIPS, Phillips & Crew, Atlanta, Georgia.
Rev. R. W. FULLER, Pastor First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. WM. H. STRICKLAND, Pastor Baptist Church, Stone Mountain, Ga.
Hon. JOHN ERSKINE, Judge U. S. District Court for Ga., Atlanta, Ga.
Capt. J. MORRISON, Morrison, Bain & Co., Atlanta, Ga.
Col. R. F. MADDOX, Tobacco Merchant, Atlanta,

The Daily Constitution.

THE THREE LITTLE CHAIRS.

They sit alone by the bright wood fire,
The gray haired dame and the aged sire,
Dreaming of days gone by;
The tear-drops fell on each wrinkled cheek,
They both had thoughts they could not speak,
And each heart uttered a sigh.

For their sad and tearful eyes descried
Three little chairs placed side by side
Against the sitting-room wall;
Old-fashioned enough as there they stood,
Their seats of flag and their frames of wood,
With their backs so straight and tall.

Then the sire shook his silvery head,
And with trembling voice he gently said—
"Mother, those empty chairs!
They bring us such sad, sad thoughts to-night,
We'll put them forever out of sight,
In the small dark room up stairs."

But she answered, "Father, no, not yet;
For I look at them and I forget
That the children are away;
The boys come back, and our Mary, too,
With her sweet face, and her curls of blue,
And all here every day."

"Johnny still whittles a ship's tall masts,
And Willie hits his leaden bullet casts,
While Mary her patchwork sews;
At evening time Johnny childish prayers
Go up to God from those little chairs,
So softly that no one knows."

"Johnny comes back from the billowy deep,
Willie wakes from his battle-field sleep,
To say good-night to me;
Mary's a wife and a mother no more,
But a tired child whose playtime is o'er,
And comes to rest at my knee.

"So let them stand there, though empty now,
And every time when alone we bow
At the Father's throne to pray,
We'll ask to meet the children above,
In our Saviour's home of rest and love,
Where no child goeth away."

City and Suburban.

THE report of the Commissioners of Education is not very flattering, so far as intelligence is concerned in the United States. There are 1,700,000 illiterate white youths and adults in the country, and another half million of children under ten growing up in ignorance. A great deal has been said of the illiterate poor whites South—no common schools, no learning, or education. The census shows that the "poor South" makes a fair exhibit beside the North. It seems that quite a large number North is also steeped in ignorance. In 1860 Georgia had 43,000 who could not read; Pennsylvania had 96,000; Ohio, 44,000; Indiana, 54,000; Illinois, 38,000. Still this is no excuse for Georgia, for our State is not benefitting herself by a neglect in educating her children. We are pleased to see that those who have the matter in hand in Fulton county are preparing to go to work. There are many children in the county who should be rescued from ignorance, and an impulse should be given them towards information. Vigorous efforts should be made for the diffusion of intelligence, for self-respect, of a thirst for knowledge, and for moral and religious worth. Achieve this, and by it many other interests of the community will be accomplished.

THE AGRICULTURAL MEETING AT LITHONIA.—Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, a large number of farmers assembled at the Masonic Hall, by 9 o'clock, P. M., on Saturday last. Mr. Thos Maguire, President of the Lithonia Agricultural Club, called the assembly to order, and introduced Andrew J Beck, one of the orators of the day. He said that his object was to increase the membership of the Lithonia club, and hence discoursed upon the benefits of organization, noticing first the beneficial effects of this particular club to its members, and to the community at large, and last insisting upon the necessity for organization among the farmers as a profession. He was listened to with great attention by the house.

Mr Beck was followed by Hon. D. W. Lewis, Secretary of the Georgia State Agricultural Society, in one of the ablest efforts which it has ever been our pleasure to hear.

He first spoke on the subject of general organization among the farmers, which was called out by Mr. B's speech, and afterwards enlarged upon the neglect which the National and State Governments had ever shown towards the interests of the tiller of the soil, and upon the necessity for the establishment of a Chemical Bureau, where all kinds of commercial fertilizers might be tested, and the rights of the farmers thus protected against the frauds and humbugs now perpetrated upon them by dealers in these manures.

The sympathy which Mr. Lewis has always shown for the farmer, was strikingly manifested in his speech. He talked from his heart, and his words seemed to have a powerful effect upon his hearers.

Mr. Toon, of Atlanta, was then called upon.

Although this gentleman is not connected with the farming world directly, he showed that he was well informed on some questions of vital import to the planter. He gave some hints on the subject of always counting the cost of every production of the farmer's toil; but declined to enlarge as it was late. He referred, in a very touching manner, to the young men present and the duty which they owed to their country and their profession.

After the speaking a good number of farmers came up and joined the club, and all seemed well pleased with the day's performance.

Altogether, it was a most interesting occasion—one of farmers which we have ever seen.

Mr. Stephens' Speech.

On last night, Hon. Linton Stephens delivered at the city Hall an address to the people of Augusta. The hall was filled to its utmost capacity by the best men of the city, and the meeting was called to order by Claiborne Snead, who moved to call Judge James T. Bothwell to the chair. The motion was carried unanimously, and Judge Bothwell, taking the chair, explained the object of the meeting. Mr. Stephens then came forward and delivered an address upon "The Preservation of Constitutional Liberty." Mr. Stephens occupied nearly two hours in its delivery, and was frequently compelled to pause—unable to proceed on account of the enthusiastic and tumultuous applause which his words elicited from his hearers. The lateness of the hour prevented our reporter from writing out the very full notes which he took of this great speech, but we expect to give it *verbatim* in our next issue. We are unwilling to give a mangled synopsis, because convinced that it would be doing the speaker an injustice. There is not a word or sentence which could be omitted, and when the speech is published it should be given entire. We merely state that, with great eloquence and masterly skill, he depicted the condition in which the Southern States have been placed by the revolutionary edicts of an unscrupulous Congress; how outrage upon outrage after outrage has been perpetrated upon the most flimsy pretexts, or upon no pretexts whatever; how the rights of the citizen have been invaded, and the purity of the ballot-box destroyed, how 14th and 15th Amendments, and oppressive, unjust and unconstitutional enactments have been forced upon us at the point of the bayonet; how carpet-bag adventurers and scalawags have been allowed to plunder and harass, with none to check them. He then demonstrated that the evils put upon the South had recoiled upon the North—that in attempting to enslave the South, the Northern people had been forging fetters for them selves. He went on to show that the North is beginning to accuse, to see the peril, and that she is preparing to fight the great battle of Constitutional Liberty in 1872.

In concluding his speech, Mr. Stephens announced his platform, and what he hoped would be the platform of the South in the next contest After stating that he would reject with equal scorn the let-us-accept-the-situation-men of the South and the Radicals, he said:

But suppose Frank Blair comes to me with the New York Democratic platform of 1868, which declares that all these carpet-bag governments in the South are usurpations—and I tell you, my friends, that we lost the fight of 1868, not by standing up to that platform, but by backing down from it, for if Seymour had planted himself as firmly as Blair did, we would not have been defeated as we were —suppose, I say, that Blair and his party come to me and say, "We still stand by that platform; we still say that these governments in the South are revolutionary usurpations; we still say that the 14th and 15th amendments are null and void, and we still say that the bayonets should be withdrawn and the Southern States restored to their rightful position." What answer would I make? I would say, 'I join you—sink or swim, live or die, survive or perish, I will unite myself to you with bonds which no power on earth can sever or destroy.' The only use I have for a party is that it may defend my rights, and unless it can do that I shall have nothing to do with it. The party which I have just spoken of will defend my rights, and this is the party which I shall join. Don't say that I am rash. I am not rash. But I believe that men can recognize forces when presented plainly to their view, and I tell you that the Northern States will quickly see that they do now see the danger—that their very existence is threatened by the usurpations which I have mentioned, and they will be quick to accede to our terms. This is my platform, and it should be the platform of the entire South."—*Augusta Chronicle.*

☞ An Iowa paper hastens to make this correction: "We reported that Mr. D. A. Dodd's wife had seven pairs of twins and two odd children during ten years of married life. We were wrong. Mr. Dood, just in our office, informs us there are eight pairs of twins and three odd ones, nineteen in all—ten girls and nine boys—in fourteen years, and they are all living."

☞ An Indiana paper tells us that "the navigation of the Wabash river has in ten years diminished to an alarming extent." We said it would, when the Cincinnatians first began to build whisky distilleries on its banks.

☞ Mr. W. S. Estep last year made 190 bales of cotton and 2,500 bushels of corn with fourteen plows, on land between Evergreen and Bellville, Ala., that has been in cultivation about fifteen years.

☞ The ladies give as a reason for marrying for money, that they now seldom find

OIL OF VITRIOL. OIL OF VITRIOL.

Oil of Vitriol.

(PURE AND FULL OF STRENGTH.)

The Baltimore Copper Company have in Thorough Operation

EXTENSIVE Chemical Works, and are manufacturing a *superior article* of Oil or Vitriol, which they are at all times prepared to ship in quantities to suit purchasers. Making its production

A SPECIALTY,

Our prices will be found more advantageous to buyers than at any other city.

HENRY MARTIN, President.

Office 30 South St., Baltimore, Md. feb5–dly

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

Leaves Atlanta	7.10 o'clock, A. M
Leaves Augusta	10.15 " P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.30 " A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.30 " P. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	7 10 A. M
Arrives Atlanta	9 00 A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	7 15 P. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER.

Leaves Atlanta	5.00 o'clock, A. M
Leaves Macon	7.50 " A. M
Arrives at Macon	11.30 " A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.10 " P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER.

Leaves Atlanta	8.38 " P. M
Leaves Macon	8.50 " P. M
Arrives at Macon	11.05 " P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	4.30 " A. M

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

Leaves Atlanta	7.10 o'clock, A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	10.00 " P. M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

Leaves Atlanta	8.15 o'clock, A. M
Leaves Atlanta	7.15 " P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	4.07 " A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	3.40 " P. M

Schedule of Home Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome	9.00 A. M.
Arrive at Kingston	10.30 A. M.
Leave Kingston	11.45 A. M.
Arrive at Rome	1.15 P. M.

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome	11.30 P. M.
Arrive at Kingston	12.00 A. M.
Leave Kingston	1.15 A. M.
Arrive at Home	2.30 A. M.

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

Leaves Atlanta	8.15 o'clock, A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	2.50 " P. M
Arrives at Nashville	3.45 " A. M
Arrives at McKenzie	9.50 " A. M
Arrives at Memphis	5.45 " P. M
Arrives at Union City	11.30 " P. M
Arrives at Columbus	12.05 " P. M
Arrives at St. Louis	11.15 " P. M
Leaves Atlanta	10.15 " P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	5.45 " A. M
Arrives at Nashville	11.30 " A. M
Arrives at McKinzie	"
Arrives at Memphis	4.30 " A. M
Arrives at Union City	9.10 " P. M
Arrives at Columbus	10.40 " P. M
Arrives at St. Louis	7.25 " A. M

No change of cars from Chattanooga to Memphis. But one change from Chattanooga to St. Louis.

ATLANTA AND Dahlonega Stage

LEAVES ATLANTA EVERY

Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

at 7 o'clock, A. M., and returns

Tuesdays, Thursdays & Saturdays.

Passengers wishing to travel by this route can secure tickets at Messrs. Pemberton, Taylor & Co.'s Drug Store, near The Kimball House. jan15–dtf

District Court—Fayette County.

GRIFFIN, Ga., January 30th, 1871.

IN pursuance of the Act organizing a "District Court" in this State, I do hereby give notice that I will hold the first term of said Court for the county of Fayette, in the Court house in Fayetteville in said county, on Monday, 20th day of February next, and on the 2d Monday in each month following, until further notice. All returns to said Court will be made accordingly. THOS. W. THURMAN,

jan31–d1m Judge District Court.

MANY

PEOPLE think one place is as good as another to buy Boots and Shoes, and

STRANGE

to say, act upon that idea; but we wish to inform them in The Constitutional way, that at a *certain store* on Whitehall street, is kept for sale better Boots, Shoes, Leather and Findings, at same if not less price than is to be found elsewhere in this market, for Men's, Boys', Youths', Childrens' and

LADIES

wear, which for style, fit, workmanship and *the stamp*, we will endeavor to prove.

To those who do not live in the city, but occasionally come

IN TOWN.

and wish to purchase goods in our line, either for themselves or friends, we suggest to call on us, or make a note of it and visit 64 Whitehall street, where clerks are fully authorized to show AND SELL goods. I. T. BANKS.

feb1-d1m

J. M. Daffron,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Cattle, Sheep and Hogs,

Chattanooga, Tennessee.

PROMPT attention paid to orders. Shipments made to any point.

Daffron, Chapman & Co.,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Headquarters at Sumner Bros. Livery Stables, Stall No. 1. Stall No. 2, 103 Whitehall street.

No. 1 Beef, Sheep, Pork and Sausage, and all kinds of Pickled Meat on hand. jan31-d3m

Copartnership Notice.

WE, the undersigned, have this day formed a partnership for the purpose of doing a

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERY BUSINESS,

and have just succeeded in purchasing the entire and complete stock of

Messrs. Crawford & Bro., Whitehall Street, near the Railway Crossing,

and shall continue the business at the same well-known and popular stand.

We hope by close attention to business and moderate prices to merit a libe al share of patronage from our friends and the public generally.

Respectfully,

GIBBY & McPHERSON.

Atlanta, February 1, 1871–dlm

Family Medicines and Pure Chemicals.

WM. W. TUCKER & CO.,

DRUGGISTS & APOTHECARIES

Prescription Drug Store,

H. I. KIMBALL HOUSE,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully prepared

Pure Wines & Liquors for Medical Use.

Choice Toilet Articles and Fancy Goods.

jan18-d1y

Attention Claimants Against the Western and Atlantic Railroad.

THE Board of Commissioners to audit claims against the Western and Atlantic Railroad have met and organized, and ordered the publication of the following:

ORDERED: That the Clerk publish notice that the Board is organized and ready to investigate claims against the Western and Atlantic Railroad, that parties having claims, file the same with the Clerk, verified by affidavit, or affidavits showing the justice thereof, and that the sum is still due and unpaid.

In disputed cases the Board will make such order in regard to testimony as it may deem proper in such particular case, and to cases already pending in court interrogatories send out in the same can be used as evidence.

The Board, in conducting its business, will be governed by and conform to the laws of Arbitration as far as applicable.

The Board will meet on the 5th and 6th instant at the office of Hillyer & Colyar. It will reassemble at the Western and Atlantic Railroad Depot on Thursday, the 12th instant. A. B. CULBREISON,

feb4-td Clerk Commission.

SHOWMEN WOULD DO WELL TO GIVE THE CONSTITUTION office a call *before going elsewhere* to have their Printing done

JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE.

CATALOGUES GOTTEN UP IN THE MOST

TO THE MERCHANTS OF ATLANTA.

The Atlantic and Gulf

FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE!

STARTING from Savannah, connects at Jesup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming a unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates. If Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements for loss or damage, occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your patronage, then instruct your correspondents to ship "Care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga."

Call on Mr. H. P. CLARK, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Tariff of Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.

The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends, who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Line—they will find a desk at their service and Atlanta papers on file.

D. OWENS, General Agent,
299 Broadway, cor Barclay st.
Post-office address, Box 2068,
New York, February 1, 1870.

G. T. ANDERSON,
General Western Agent Atlantic and Gulf, and Macon and Brunswick Railroad,
feb11-d1f Atlanta, Georgia.

Postponed to March 20, 1871.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR!

Every Prize Guaranteed.

NO HUMBUG!

GRAND RAFFLE

AND SALE WILL COME OFF IN

Ringgold, Ga..

On the 20th day of March next.

$10,000.

B. C YATES' Large Two-story Brick Store House and Dwelling, in Ringgold, Georgia. Cost of said house and Furniture belonging to the Store Six ($6,000) Thousand Dollars, being the

Capital Prize!

All the other Prizes will be $10, $25, $50, and $100 Prizes, consisting of all kinds of goods usually kept in a first-class Dry Goods Store.

Plan of Raffle.

There will be 12,000 Tickets issued and sold, 2,000 of which are Premiums.

The person selling 100 tickets will be entitled to ten extra, and Raffle for the $500 premium.

The person selling 50 tickets will be entitled to five extra, and Raffle for the $250 premium.

The person selling 40 tickets will be entitled to ——— and Raffle for the $50 premium.

The person selling 20 tickets will be entitled to two tickets extra, and raffle for the $25 premium.

I will give the lady selling the largest number of tickets a Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine.

Every person selling ten tickets will be entitled to the eleventh one.

On the 20th day of March, 1871, there will be six dice thrown three times, from the same box, by six Sworn Commissioners, for every ticket, and placing the number thrown opposite such name, the highest number thrown will be entitled to the highest prize, and so on. Should there be a tie between the contestants, another throw will determine the fortunate one.

Perfect titles made.

Prizes forwarded and premiums paid immediately after the Raffle.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE, with Post-office, County and State.

Send for Circulars and Tickets.

B. C YATES,
Ringgold, Ga.

REFERENCES—Judge J. R. Parrott, Jno. M. Combs, Ordinary, G. W. Tucker, Ga. C., Thomas B. Cox, Sheriff, Catoosa county; A. T. Hackett, E. M. Jackson, A. S. Fowler, W. J. Whitsett, William Henry.

jan16–d3m

Emigrants and Travelers,

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

TAKE NOTICE!

I HAVE arranged to Memphis, Little Rock, Pine Bluff, New Orleans, Galveston, Texas, or any point on the Mississippi, Red or Arkansas Rivers, or on St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Josephs, Omaha, or any point West and Northwest, be sure and buy your tickets via

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga

GREAT CENTRAL THROUGH LINE.

Trains run through from Chattanooga to Memphis, Tenn., and Columbus, Ky.,

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS,

Therefore making only one change between Chattanooga and St. Louis, Mo.

This is the

SHORT AND QUICK ROUTE,

West and Northwest, being from 28 to 100 miles shorter than any other route, and equal, if not better, than any Line to Texas, Arkansas, and the Mississippi River.

Time to St. Louis and the West via Nashville route is 8 hours and 40 minutes, to 18 hours and 50 minutes quicker than via Corinth—4 hours quicker to Memphis than by any route leaving Atlanta in the evening. Emigrants by this Route will not be put in Box Cars, which have no Floor, Seats or Comfort of any kind, but will have excellent Passenger Cars, thoroughly heated and Well Ventilated. Remember this, and give us a trial, and see if we do not do as we propose. Emigrants' rates are as follows:

Atlanta to Memphis	$ 14 00
" Little Rock	18 00
" St. Louis (rail)	28 75
" " (river)	19 75
" Kansas City (river)	29 75
" " (rail)	33 75
" St. Joseph (rail)	36 75
" " (river)	29 75
" Omaha (river)	35 75
" " (rail)	39 75
" San Francisco (rail)	114 75
" " (river)	110 75
" Kansas City (all river)	34 25
" New Orleans, (rail and river)	16 00
" Shreveport, La., (rail and river	30 00

Passengers and Emigrants by this line from Chattanooga have choice of three different routes to the West and Northwest, as follows, via Union City, Hickman, or Louisville, therefore, giving it superior advantages over all other routes.

Trains run to and from Chattanooga, via:

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
8.10 A. M., (Sundays excepted)	7.10 P. M.
8.00 P. M. Daily	4.30 A. M.

All passengers are entitled to 100 pounds Baggage, which will be handled without charge. Be sure if not being

For further information address Agents of this line at the following places:

R. M. Hooke, Chattanooga, Tenn.; L. L. Osmer, Cleveland, Tenn.; G. M. Harrel, Knoxville, Tenn.; or W. L. Danley, G. P. & T. Agent, Nashville, Tenn.

For quick time and sure connections don't forget to buy your tickets by the

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Great Central Through Line.

JNO. W. THOMAS, Gen. Supt.
W. L. DANLEY, G. P. & T. Agent. nov26–d

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS

—AND—

MILLINERS.

Hill & Ketcham,

207 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAW GOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery Line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Sundowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

HILL & KETCHAM,
207 Canal Street,
Between Broadway and Earles' Hotel.
nov28–d1y. NEW YORK.

HANNON, JOHNSON & CLANTON,

General Real Estate Agents,

Terminus Texas Central Railroad.

General M. W. HANNON,
Terminus T. C. R. R.

General JOS. E. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga.

General JAS. R. CLANTON,
Atlanta, Ga.

THE

EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE

Super-Phosphate of Lime,

IS FOR SALE AT

All Points of Importance in Georgia.

WE HAVE SOLD IT

FIVE SUCCESSIVE YEARS,

AND KNOW

It is the very Article for

Planters to Use.

DAVID DICKSON, Esq., of Oxford, says it is Superior to any

COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER

HE EVER APPLIED,

And Recommends it to Everybody.

WE SOLD OVER

Two Thousand Tons in Georgia last Year.

IT HAS BEEN TRIED

AND ALWAYS

PAID THE PLANTER.

Send for a Pamphlet. An Agent may be found at almost every Depot, but information can always be had at

F. W. SIMS & CO., Savannah,

OR OF

MARK W. JOHNSON,

jan4-d3m Dealer in Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guano, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

GERMANIA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Of New York.

ESTABLISHED IN AMERICA AND EUROPE.

HOME OFFICE 293 and 295 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

HEAD OFFICE FOR GERMANY: BERLIN, PRUSSIA.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTH GERMAN CONFEDERATION.

CASH CAPITAL	$4,000,000
ANNUAL CASH INCOME	2,000,000

☞ Dividends in cash on the contribution plan.

FRED SOHWENDLER, Vice President. HUGO WESENDONCK, President

George Gehe and L. Mollmann, General Agents.

Office General Agency, corner Bay and Bull streets, Savannah, Ga.

WRIGHT, SCHMIDT & CO., Agents for Atlanta and upper District of Georgia. Office Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. F. R. Orme, Medical Examiner. dec9–d3m.

THE CHARLESTON LINE

—FOR—

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS!

—TO AND FROM—

Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston,

AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES.

Three Times a Week,

Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays!

Elegant State Room Accommodations.

SEA VOYAGE TEN TO TWELVE HOURS SHORTER

VIA CHARLESTON!

Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD COMPANY, and connecting Roads West, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships to the above Ports, invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the

PORT OF CHARLESTON.

Offering facilities of Rail and Sea Transportations for Freight and Passengers not equaled in excellence and capacity at any other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the Line.

TO NEW YORK.

MANHATTAN, M. S. Woodhull, Commander.
CHAMPION, E. W. Lockwood, Commander.
CHARLESTON, James Kerrigan, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, T. J. Lockwood, Commander.
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.

GEORGIA, S. Crowell, Commander.
SOUTH CAROLINA, Sam Adkins, Commander.
GLYDE, Alex. Hunter, Commander.
ASHLAND, Beskett, Commander.
WAGNER HUGER & CO., Agents, WM. A. COURTENAY, Charleston, S. C.

TO PHILADELPHIA.

VIRGINIA, G. H. Asherott, Commander. Sailing Days—Thursdays.

EVERMAN, C. Hinckley, Commander, WM. A. COURTENAY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TO BALTIMORE.

FALCON, Horsey, Commander.
SEA GULL, Dalton, Commander.

MARYLAND, Johnson, Commander
Sailing Days—Every Fifth Day.
P. G. TRENHOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

Rates Guaranteed as low as those of Competing Lines. Marine Insurance one-half of one per cent. Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets can be had at all the principal Railroad Offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi.

State Rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of the Steamships in Charleston, at whose offices, in all cases, the Railroad Tickets should be exchanged and Berths assigned. The Through Tickets by this Route include Transfers, Meals and State Room, while on Shipboard.

The South Carolina Railroad,

And its connecting Lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of Freight and Passengers between Northern Cities and the South and West. Comfortable Night Cars, with the Holmes Chair, without extra charge, have been introduced. First-Class Eating Saloons at Branchville.

Freight promptly transferred from Steamer to day and night trains of the South Carolina Railroad. Close connection made with other Roads, delivering Freights at distant points with the great promptness. The Managers are confident that their Line cannot be surpassed in Dispatch and the Safe Delivery of Goods.

B. D. HASELL, General Agent.
P. O. Box 275—Office 317 Broadway, New York.

S. B. PICKENS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, South Carolina Railroad.
ED. H. BARNWELL, General Freight Agent, South Carolina Railroad.
H. M. SOTTINGHAM, Western Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.
nov29–4tmtsun-thurs-sat

Seeds, Seeds, Seeds.

ATLANTA SEED DEPOT.

E. VAN SOHTENOVEN begs to call the attention of the Trade and Public to his well-assorted stock of

Garden, Field and Flower Seeds.

Selected especially for the Spring Trade of 1871, comprising all varieties suited to the Southern climate.

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GENERAL R. E. LEE'S MONUMENT.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That the Executive Committee of the Lee Monument Association, of Lexington, Va., have constituted and appointed George T. Fry and J. E. Godfrey, of Atlanta, Georgia, their General Agents of the United States to sell for the Association the Pictures or Engraved Portraits of General R. E. Lee, to raise money in furtherance of the objects of said Association, namely: The decoration and erection of a suitable Monument near the Tomb of General R. E. Lee, at the Washington and Lee University, at Lexington, Virginia, and the said George T. Fry and J. E. Godfrey are fully authorized to appoint such sub-agents as they may deem necessary.

Witness the signature of the Chairman of the Executive Committee of said Association, at Lexington, Virginia, the 11th day of January, 1871.

JAMES K. EDMONDSON, Chairman *pro tem.*
CHAS. DAVIDSON, Secretary.

The Pictures offered for sale under the above authority are A. B. Walter's Steel Engraved Life-Size Portrait of General R. E. Lee. Each Portrait to have engraved upon it, "Sold by authority of the Lee Memorial Association, for the erection of a Monument at the Tomb of General R. E. Lee, at the Washington and Lee University, at Lexington, Va."

As to the quality of the picture and exactness of likeness, read the following

TESTIMONIALS.

From Jefferson Davis, Memphis, Tennessee.

The engraving is a good likeness of General Lee, which you have submitted, is the best that has ever come under my observation.

From Major General L. P. Walker, late Secretary of War, C. S. A.

This is an admirable likeness of General Lee. The very best I have ever seen.

From J. B. Hood, late Lieutenant General C. S. A. Macon, Ga.

The likeness of General Lee, published by Bostwick & Wilmer, of Cincinnati, I regard as most excellent, and the best I have seen.

From John C. Breckinridge, Lexington, Ky.

The engraving of Robert E. Lee, by A. B. Walter, is both a likeness and a work of Art, the best I have ever seen of that great man.

From J. J. White, President Washington College, Virginia.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE, VA., Nov. 25, 1870.

GENTLEMEN: Yours of the 19th instant, came to hand very safely, and the portrait of General Lee, which you have been kind enough to present to this Institution was received like any thing else in the name of the Faculty I desire to thank you for your kindness in sending so admirable a likeness of the General.

Several of the Faculty, to whom I showed it this morning, are very much pleased with it, and the best that I can say for the portrait is that every one who has seen it wants one. Will you let me know at what price you will furnish the portrait to certainly five of the Officers of Washington College, and probably ten or more? Let me know the price of the single engraving, and the price at which you can furnish it with handsome walnut frames and glass.

I remain, very respectfully,
J. J. WHITE, Acting President.

From A. M. B. Young, Major General C. S. A.

Your steel engraving of General Lee, life size, is the most perfect likeness I have ever seen.

From the Atlanta Intelligencer.

The most beautiful and perfect steel engraving of art in the way of Steel Engraving we have ever seen.

From R. H. Chilton, late General C. S. A. and Chief of General Lee's Staff, Columbus, Ga.

The engraved likeness of General R. E. Lee, which you have submitted to my inspection, is the most perfect which has come under my observation.

☞ I fully concur in the above opinion of General Chilton.

Late Major General C. S. A.

From A. R. Wright, late Major General C. S. A.

AUGUSTA, GA.

The Engraving of General Lee, published by Bostwick & Wilmer is by odds the best likeness of him I have seen, indeed it is the only one that approaches anything like a fair likeness.

From Lafayette M. Lowe, late Major General C. S. A.

AUGUSTA, GA.

The likeness of General Lee which you have submitted, is certainly the most life-like of any yet on exhibition in this section.

From James T. Bell, Esq., Editor Nashville Union.

The Engraving speaks for itself and is undoubtedly the finest work of its kind of the present century.

From the Charleston Courier.

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From the Lexington Press.

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From the Cincinnati Commercial.

The probabilities is that posterity will take its best impressions of General Lee as he stood in his Confederate uniform from this splendid *chef d'oeuvre* of portraiture.

From the Lynchburg (Va.) News.

It is indeed a counterfeit presentment of one whose memory will through all time occupy the first place in every true southern heart. The perfection of the engraving as a likeness of our dead hero, and the artistic merit and exquisite skill displayed in the engraver, constitute it a masterpiece.

From Gideon J. Pillow, late Major General C. S. A.

I have known General Lee for many years most intimately, and I regard the likeness by A. B. Walter, the best I have ever seen.

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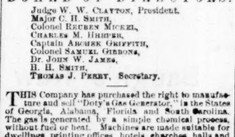

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